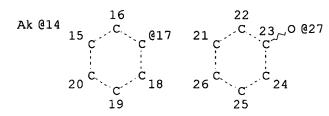
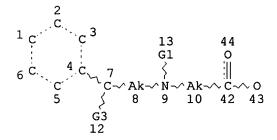
=> d que

L9 7025704 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 46.150.18/RID AND NR>1 AND NRS>1 AND N/ELS

L25 STR





VAR G3=17/27
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 8
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 10
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 14
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS LIN LOC AT 8
GGCAT IS LIN LOC AT 10
GGCAT IS LIN LOC SAT AT 14
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RSPEC 15 21 4
NUMBER OF NODES IS 29

VAR G1=H/14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L27 252 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L9 SSS FUL L25 L28 26 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L27

```
ANSWER 1 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
    2002:10422 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
    136:70085
    Preparation of amino acid benzophenone and sulfone derivatives as
    inhibitors of glycine uptake
IN
    Lowe, John Adams, III
PA
    Pfizer Products Inc., USA
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
    Patent
    English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
    ______
                    ____
                                         ______
    WO 2002000602
                    A1 20020103
                                        WO 2001-IB1139 20010622
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
            RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
            UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
            DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2000-215692
                          20000630
                     Ρ
    MARPAT 136:70085
GΙ
```

AΒ Compds. I [A is Ph, naphthyl, benzothienyl, benzofuranyl, thienyl; a monocyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring contq. 0-4 heteroatoms or a bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring contg. 0-5 heteroatoms not contg. any adjacent ring oxygen atoms; Y is CO or SO2 and is attached to the phenoxy group at the meta or para position; X and Z are H, (C1-C6) alkyl or alkoxy optionally substituted with 1-7 fluorine atoms, carboxy, carbalkoxy, carboxamido, alkylthio, sulfoxyl, sulfonyl, halo, nitro, cyano, amino, alkylamino or dialkylamino; R is H, alkyl, preferably Me] or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepd. The title compds. exhibit activity as glycine transport inhibitors and thus can be used for the enhancement of cognition and the treatment of the pos. and neg. symptoms of schizophrenia and other psychoses in mammals, including humans. Thus, [[3-(4-benzoylphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]methylamino]acetic acid was prepd. by reaction of 3-chloro-1-bromo-1-phenylpropane with 4-benzoylphenol and sarcosine Et ester hydrochloride, followed by sapon.

```
ΤT
    385435-93-8P 385435-94-9P 385435-95-0P
    385435-96-1P 385435-97-2P 385435-98-3P
    385435-99-4P 385436-00-0P 385436-01-1P
    385436-02-2P 385436-03-3P 385436-04-4P
    385436-05-5P 385436-06-6P 385436-07-7P
    385436-09-9P 385436-10-2P 385436-12-4P
    385436-14-6P 385436-16-8P 385436-18-0P
    385436-20-4P 385436-25-9P 385436-27-1P
    385436-29-3P 385436-31-7P 385436-33-9P
    385436-35-1P 385436-37-3P 385436-39-5P
    385436-41-9P 385436-42-0P 385436-44-2P
    385436-46-4P 385436-48-6P 385436-50-0P
    385436-51-1P 385436-52-2P 385436-53-3P
    385436-55-5P 385436-57-7P 385436-59-9P
    385436-60-2P 385436-61-3P 385436-62-4P
    385436-64-6P 385436-65-7P 385436-66-8P
    385436-67-9P 385436-68-0P 385436-69-1P
    385436-70-4P 385436-71-5P 385436-72-6P
    385436-73-7P 385436-74-8P 385436-75-9P
    385436-76-0P 385436-77-1P 385436-78-2P
    385436-79-3P 385436-80-6P 385436-81-7P
    385436-82-8P 385436-83-9P 385436-84-0P
    385436-85-1P 385436-86-2P
    RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (prepn. of amino acid benzophenone and sulfone derivs. as inhibitors of
       glycine uptake)
RN
    385435-93-8 HCAPLUS
CN
    Glycine, N-[3-(4-benzoylphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl-, hydrochloride
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

● HCl

RN 385435-94-9 HCAPLUS
CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-[4-(2-naphthalenylcarbonyl)phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl], hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 385435-95-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-[4-(4-methylbenzoyl)phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### HCl

RN 385435-96-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# ● HCl

RN 385435-97-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-(4-chlorobenzoyl)phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 385435-98-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-(2-methoxybenzoyl)phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### HCl

RN 385435-99-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-(3,4-dichlorobenzoyl)phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# ● HCl

RN 385436-00-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)phenoxy]propyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 385436-01-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenoxy]propyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{Me} \\ & | & | \\ & \text{O}-\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}_2\text{H} \\ \\ & \text{Ph}-S \\ & | & \\ & \text{O} \end{array}$$

● HCl

RN 385436-02-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 385436-03-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 385436-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

RN 385436-05-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl}-N-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 385436-06-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-[4-(1-naphthalenylsulfonyl)phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 385436-07-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]phenoxy]propyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

```
L28 ANSWER 2 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
```

AN 2001:501948 HCAPLUS

DN 135:352325

TI Discovery and SAR of Org 24598-A Selective Glycine Uptake Inhibitor

AU Brown, A.; Carlyle, I.; Clark, J.; Hamilton, W.; Gibson, S.; McGarry, G.; McEachen, S.; Rae, D.; Thorn, S.; Walker, G.

CS Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Organon Research and Development Group, Newhouse, Lanarkshire, ML1 5SH, UK

SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2001), 11(15), 2007-2009 CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB The authors describe the discovery of a series of selective GlyT-1b inhibitors, by application of solid-phase chem. and library design. Specifically the discovery of Org 24598, one of the first potent and selective inhibitors of the glycine transporter is discussed. In vitro structure-activity relationships (SARs) data for interaction of a ligand with this system is discussed.

IT 372198-80-6P, Org 24461 372198-81-7P, Org 24629
372198-82-8P, Org 24628 372198-83-9P, Org 24660
372198-85-1P, Org 24658 372198-86-2P, Org 24668
372198-87-3P, Org 24667 372198-88-4P, Org 24642
372198-89-5P, Org 24641 372198-90-8P, Org 24872
372198-91-9P, Org 24730 372198-92-0P, Org 24520
372198-93-1P, Org 24747 372198-94-2P, Org 24669
372198-95-3P, Org 24645 372198-96-4P, Org 24706
372198-97-5P, Org 24598 372198-98-6P, Org 24597
372198-99-7P, Org 24835 372199-00-3P, Org 24836
372199-01-4P, Org 24915 372199-02-5P, Org 24914

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of N-substituted glycine derivs. as selective inhibitors of the glycine transporter)

RN 372198-80-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-81-7 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-methyl-N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-82-8 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[methyl[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]ami no]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-83-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-ethyl-N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Et} & \text{Ph} \\ & | & | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{O} \end{array}$$

RN 372198-85-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$CF_3$$
 $CF_3$ 
 $HO_2C-CH_2-N-CH_2-CH_2-CH-O$ 
 $Me$ 
 $Ph$ 

RN 372198-86-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-87-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(4-chlorophenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-88-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-(4-methylphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-89-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(4-methoxyphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-90-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenoxy]-3-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-91-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(2-chlorophenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-92-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(2-methoxyphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{Me} \\ & | & | \\ \text{O-CH-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-N-CH}_2\text{-CO}_2\text{H} \\ \\ \hline & \text{OMe} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 372198-93-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-phenyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-94-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} \\ & \downarrow \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}_2\text{H} \\ \\ \text{C1} & \text{CF}_3 \\ \end{array}$$

RN 372198-95-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 372198-96-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
ANSWER 3 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L28
     2001:338559 HCAPLUS
AN
     134:340710
DN
     Preparation of peptides as HCV NS3 protease inhibitors
ΤI
IN
     Fattori, Daniela; Pessi, Antonello; Ingallinella, Paolo; Bianchi,
     Elisabetta
PA
     Istituto di Ricerche di Biologia Molecolare P. Angeletti S.p.A., Italy;
     Nicholls, Kathryn, M.
     PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO. DATE
                       ----
                             -----
                                             -----
PΙ
     WO 2001032691
                       A1
                             20010510
                                            WO 2000-GB4195 20001102
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI GB 1999-25955
                             19991102
                       Α
OS
     MARPAT 134:340710
AΒ
     Peptides HO2C-X-CONHCH(A)CON(B)CH(D)(CH2)pCO-X [X represents a benzene or
     non-arom. carbocyclic ring having 4-8 carbon atoms; A = cyclohexylmethyl
     or optionally substituted phenyl; B = H, alkyl, aralkyl; D = H,
     CONHCH(Bu-i)COR (R = OH, alkylamino, or cycloalkylamino), CONHCH2Bu-i, in
     which each stereo-center is in the R or S configuration; p = 1 or 2; X =
     OH, alkoxy] or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters were
     prepd. as inhibitors of hepatitis C virus NS3 protease. Thus,
     HO2C-X-CO-Cha-Asp-Leu-NH2 (R,R,S,S,S and S,S,S,S,S-diastereomers; X =
     1,2-cyclohexanediyl, Cha = cyclohexylalanine), prepd. by std. solid-phase
     peptide coupling, showed IC50 = 15 and 54 .mu.M, resp., for inhibition of
     HCV NS3 protease.
ΙT
     337953-80-7P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. of peptides as HCV NS3 protease inhibitors)
     337953-80-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     .beta.-Alanine, N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
       0
```

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

t-BuO-C-CH2-CH2-NH-CH2-CH2-CHPh2

- L28 ANSWER 4 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 2001:151111 HCAPLUS
- DN 134:311410
- TI Radiosynthesis of a ligand for studying the glycine transporter: [11C]ALX-5407
- AU Ravert, Hayden T.; Mathews, William B.; Klitenick, Mark A.; Wong, Dean F.; Dannals, Robert F.
- CS Division of Nuclear Medicine, Department of Radiology, The Johns Hopkins Medical Institutions, Baltimore, MD, 21287-0750, USA
- SO J. Labelled Compd. Radiopharm. (2001), 44(3), 241-246 CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803
- PB John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB [11C]ALX-5407, R-N[3-(4'-fluorophenyl)-3-(4'-phenylphenoxy)propyl] sarcosine, a chiral glycine transporter 1 antagonist, was labeled with [11C]iodomethane by N-alkylation of Me ester protected N-normethyl precursor, ALX-5536, and subsequent sapon. of the Me ester protecting group. The time for synthesis, purifn., and formulation was 33 min with an av. specific radioactivity of 3909 mCi/.mu.mol (EOS) and av. decay cor. radiochem. yield of 8%.
- RN 335427-27-5 HCAPLUS
- CN Glycine, N-[(3R)-3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yloxy)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

- IT 335259-71-7, ALX 5536 335259-72-8, ALX 5406
  - RL: RCT (Reactant)

(radiosynthesis of glycine transporter antagonist [11C]ALX-5407)

- RN 335259-71-7 HCAPLUS
- CN Glycine, N-[(3R)-3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yloxy)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 335259-72-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(3R)-3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yloxy)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-(methyl-11C)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 335259-73-9P, ALX 5407

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (radiosynthesis of glycine transporter antagonist [11C]ALX-5407)

RN 335259-73-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(3R)-3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yloxy)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-(methyl-11C)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L28 ANSWER 5 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2001:132748 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
    134:178816
     Preparation of amino acid derivatives as pharmaceuticals for treatment of
    neurological and neuropsychiatric disorders
    Ognyanov, Vassil Iliya; Borden, Laurence A.; Bell, Stanley Charles; Zhang,
IN
PA
    Allelix Neuroscience Inc., USA
SO
    U.S., 52 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.656,063, abandoned.
    CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                     ____
                           -----
                                          -----
PΙ
    US 6191165
                      В1
                           20010220
                                          US 1997-866007
                                                           19970530
    US 2001012857
                      A1
                           20010809
                                          US 2001-757011 20010109
                      P
PRAI US 1996-41503
                           19960531
                      Ρ
    US 1996-41504
                           19960531
    US 1996-655912
                      B2
                           19960531
    US 1996-656063
                      B2
                           19960531
    US 1997-44387
                      Ρ
                           19970227
    US 1997-70900
                      Ρ
                           19970227
    US 1997-808754
                      B2
                           19970227
    US 1997-808755
                      A2
                           19970227
     US 1997-807682
                      A2
                           19970228
    US 1997-866007
                      A3
                           19970530
OS
    MARPAT 134:178816
    Amino acid derivs. R2RxRyXR1NR3(R3*)nCR4R4*R5 [X = N, C (R2 not present
AΒ
    when X = N); R2 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, cyano, alkanoyl, etc.; Rx, Ry = aryl,
    heteroaryl, adamantyl, or nonarom. ring linked to X via a single bond,
     alkylene, etc.; R1 = alkylene, iminooxyethylene, etc.; R3 = H, alkyl,
     (un) substituted Ph or phenylalkyl, etc.; R3* = alkyl, O; n = 0, 1; R4, R4*
    = H, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl; R5 = (un)substituted carbamoyl, carboxy,
     aminosulfonyl, phosphoryl, etc.] were prepd. as pharmaceuticals for
     treatment of neurol. and neuropsychiatric disorders. Thus,
    N-(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)glycine Et ester was by alkylation of glycine Et
     ester hydrochloride with 4-bromo-1,1-diphenyl-1-butene. Binding assays to
    measure interaction of compds. with the glycine site on the NMDA receptor
     are illustrated.
     200004-42-8P 200004-51-9P 200004-53-1P
     200004-54-2P 200004-56-4P 200004-58-6P
    200004-59-7P 200004-66-6P 200004-67-7P
     200004-70-2P 200004-71-3P 200004-73-5P
     200004-75-7P 200004-76-8P 200004-77-9P
     200004-78-0P 200004-79-1P 200004-80-4P
     200004-81-5P 200004-84-8P 200004-90-6P
     200004-96-2P 200005-05-6P 200005-07-8P
    200005-08-9P 200005-11-4P 200005-17-0P
     200005-34-1P 200005-46-5P 200005-51-2P
     200005-52-3P 200005-54-5P 200006-07-1P
     200006-08-2P 200006-09-3P 200006-10-6P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant);
     SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of amino acid derivs. as pharmaceuticals for treatment of
```

neurol. and neuropsychiatric disorders)

RN 200004-42-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)-N-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3,3,3-tris(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-53-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3,3,3-tris(4-methoxyphenyl)propyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-54-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3,3-bis(3-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \mid & \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N-CH}_2-\text{C-OEt} \\ \\ \text{F} \end{array}$$

RN 200004-56-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3,3-bis(4-phenoxyphenyl)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ | & | \\ | & | \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N-CH}_2-\text{C-OEt} \\ \\ \text{PhO} & \text{OPh} \\ \\ \text{CH} & \text{CH} & \\ \end{array}$$

RN 200004-58-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-59-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3,3,3-tris(4-chlorophenyl)propyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-66-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(3-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl-3-phenylpropyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ | & || \\ \text{CH-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-NH-CH}_2\text{-C-OEt} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 200004-67-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(3-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl-3-phenylpropyl)-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-70-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-71-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ | & | \\ \text{CH-} & \text{CH}_2\text{--} & \text{CH}_2\text{--} & \text{NH-} & \text{CH}_2\text{--} & \text{C--} & \text{OEt} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 200004-73-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-75-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yloxy)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSWER 6 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
    1997:803807 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
    128:48490
    Preparation of amino acid derivatives as pharmaceuticals for treatment of
    neurological and neuropsychiatric disorders
    Ognyanov, Vassil Iliya; Borden, Laurence; Bell, Stanley Charles; Zhang,
ΙN
    Jing
    Trophix Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
PA
    PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
FAN.CNT 2
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                         ______
PΙ
    WO 9745115
                     A1
                           19971204
                                         WO 1997-US9450 19970529
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
            ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS,
            LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
            SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG,
            KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,
            GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
            ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    CA 2254833
                                         CA 1997-2254833 19970529
                      AA
                           19971204
    AU 9731530
                      Α1
                           19980105
                                         AU 1997-31530
                                                          19970529
    AU 730789
                      В2
                           20010315
    EP 1014966
                      A1
                           20000705
                                         EP 1997-926871
                                                          19970529
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
   BR 9.709501
                           20001107
                                         BR 1997-9501
                     Α
                                                          19970529
                           20011219 --
    CN 1327383
                      Α
                                         CN 1997-196821 19970529
    NO 9805711
                      Α
                           19981207
                                         NO 1998-5711
                                                          19981207
                    Α
PRAI US 1996-655912
                           19960531
    US 1996-656063
                   Α
                           19960531
    US 1997-808754 A
                           19970227
    US 1997-808755
                    Α
                           19970227
    US 1997-807682
                    Α
                           19970227
    WO 1997-US9450
                      W
                           19970529
OS
    MARPAT 128:48490
    Amino acid derivs. R2RxRyXR1NR3(R3*)nCR4R4*R5 [X = N, C (R2 not present
AB
    when X = N; R2 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, cyano, alkanoyl, etc.; Rx, Ry = aryl,
    heteroaryl, adamantyl, or nonarom. ring linked to X via a single bond,
    alkylene, etc.; R1 = alkylene, iminooxyethylene, etc.; R3 = H, alkyl,
     (un) substituted Ph or phenylalkyl, etc.; R3* = alkyl, O; n = 0, 1; R4, R4*
    = H, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl; R5 = (un)substituted carbamoyl, carboxy,
    aminosulfonyl, phosphoryl, etc.] were prepd. as pharmaceuticals for
    treatment of neurol. and neuropsychiatric disorders. Thus,
    N-(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)glycine Et ester was by alkylation of glycine Et
    ester hydrochloride with 4-bromo-1,1-diphenyl-1-butene. Binding assays to
    measure interaction of compds. with the glycine site on the NMDA receptor
    are illustrated.
ΙT
    200004-42-8P 200004-51-9P 200004-53-1P
    200004-54-2P 200004-56-4P 200004-58-6P
    200004-59-7P 200004-66-6P 200004-67-7P
    200004-70-2P 200004-71-3P 200004-73-5P
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200004-75-7P 200004-76-8P 200004-77-9P 200004-78-0P 200004-79-1P 200004-80-4P 200004-81-5P 200004-84-8P 200004-90-6P 200004-96-2P 200005-05-6P 200005-07-8P 200005-08-9P 200005-11-4P 200005-17-0P 200005-34-1P 200005-46-5P 200005-51-2P 200005-52-3P 200005-54-5P 200006-07-1P 200006-08-2P 200006-09-3P 200006-10-6P RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of amino acid derivs. as pharmaceuticals for treatment of neurol. and neuropsychiatric disorders) RN200004-42-8 HCAPLUS Glycine, N-(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)-N-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{Me} \\ & || & | \\ \text{MeO-C-CH}_2-\text{N-CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH} \longrightarrow \text{CPh}_2 \\ \end{array}$$

RN 200004-51-9 HCAPLUS
CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3,3,3-tris(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-53-1 HCAPLUS
CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3,3,3-tris(4-methoxyphenyl)propyl]-, ethyl ester
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-54-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3,3-bis(3-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & & \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N-CH}_2-\text{C-OEt} \\ \\ & & \text{F} \end{array}$$

RN 200004-56-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3,3-bis(4-phenoxyphenyl)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & & | \\ & & | \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N-CH}_2-\text{C-OEt} \\ \\ \text{PhO} & \\ & \text{CH} & \\ \end{array}$$

RN 200004-58-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-3-phenylpropyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-59-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3,3,3-tris(4-chlorophenyl)propyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-66-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(3-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl-3-phenylpropyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ | & | \\ \text{CH-} \text{CH}_2\text{-} \text{CH}_2\text{-} \text{NH-} \text{CH}_2\text{-} \text{C-} \text{OEt} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 200004-67-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(3-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl-3-phenylpropyl)-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-70-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-methyl-N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-71-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-phenyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ | & || \\ \text{CH-CH}_2\text{--}\text{CH}_2\text{--}\text{NH-CH}_2\text{--}\text{C--}\text{OEt} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 200004-73-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 200004-75-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yloxy)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L28 ANSWER 7 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:749973 HCAPLUS

DN 128:75259

TI A thermal bicyclization. Synthesis of substituted 2,3,5,6-tetrahydro-6-oxo-1H-pyrrolizines

AU Belotti, D.; Cossy, J.

CS Laboratoire Chimie Organique, ESPCI, Paris, F-75231, Fr.

SO Synlett (1997), (11), 1249-1250 CODEN: SYNLES; ISSN: 0936-5214

PB Georg Thieme Verlag

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 128:75259

AB 2,3,5,6-Tetrahydro-6-oxo-1H-pyrrolizines, potential precursors of 2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrrolizines were synthesized by a smooth, thermal, acid-promoted bicyclization of N-.omega.-acetylenic amino esters.

IT 200557-08-0

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(prepn. of hydropyrrolizinones by thermal bicyclization)

RN 200557-08-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(2,2,5-triphenyl-4-pentynyl)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ph 
$$C = C - CH_2 - C - CH_2 - NH - CH_2 - C - OMe$$
Ph

L28 ANSWER 8 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:543479 HCAPLUS

DN 127:161698

TI Heterocyclic diphenylmethane derivatives as MIP-1.alpha./RANTES receptor antagonists

IN Kato, Kaneyoshi; Yamamoto, Mitsuo; Honda, Susumu; Fujisawa, Tomoyuki

PA Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan; Kato, Kaneyoshi; Yamamoto, Mitsuo; Honda, Susumu; Fujisawa, Tomoyuki

SO PCT Int. Appl., 250 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.	CM.I.	T																
	PAT	CENT	NO.		KI	ΝD	DATE			A)	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	э.	DATE			
PΙ	WO	9724	325		A.	1	1997	0710		W	19	96-J	P382	0	1996	1226		
		W:	AL,	AM,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	EE,	GE,	HU,
			IL,	IS,	KG,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MX,	NO,
			NZ,	PL,	RO,	RU,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN,	AM,
			ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM								
		RW:	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,
			ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,
			MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG											
	ΑU	9712	083		Α	1	1997	0728		Αl	J 19	97-1	2083		1996	1226		

JP 10081665 A2 19980331 JP 1996-349136 19961227
PRAI JP 1995-343905 19951228
 JP 1996-187375 19960717
 WO 1996-JP3820 19961226
OS MARPAT 127:161698
GI

Compds. which are MIP-1.alpha./RANTES-receptor antagonists are disclosed, AB specifically I [Ar1, Ar2 = (un) substituted arom. group; Q1, Q2 = (un) substituted divalent C1-6 aliph. hydrocarbon group which may have either O or S within the C chain; R1 = H, (un)substituted alkyl or (un) substituted alkylcarbonyl; R2 = (un) substituted hydrocarbon group or (un) substituted acyl; or NR1R2 = (un) substituted N-contg. heterocyclic; NZ = (un)substituted N-contg. mono- or fused heterocyclic group], and salts thereof. The compds. are useful for therapy or prophylaxis of inflammatory, allergic, and other diseases. Over 120 title compds., and a variety of intermediates, were prepd. For instance, N-alkylation of 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxypiperidine by 5-(formylamino)-1-iodo-4,4diphenylpentane in MeCN in the presence of K2CO3 at 60.degree. gave title compd. II, isolated as the monohydrochloride (III). III displaced 125I-RANTES from human RANTES receptors in vitro with an IC50 of 0.04 .mu.M, vs.\_3 .mu.M for ioperamide.

IT 193541-61-6P 193541-62-7P 193541-63-8P 193541-64-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of heterocyclic diphenylmethane derivs. as MIP-1.alpha./RANTES receptor antagonists)

RN 193541-61-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[5-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-piperidinyl]-2,2-diphenylpentyl]-, ethyl ester, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & Ph \\ \parallel & \\ Eto-C-CH_2-NH-CH_2-C-(CH_2)_3 \end{array}$$

2 HCl

RN 193541-62-7 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[5-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-piperidinyl]-2,2-diphenylpentyl]amino]-, ethyl ester, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & Ph \\
\parallel & \\
Eto-C-(CH_2)_3-NH-CH_2-C-(CH_2)_3
\end{array}$$
C1

### ●2 HCl

RN 193541-63-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[5-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-piperidinyl]-2,2-diphenylpentyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Ph & OH \\ \hline Ph & N \\ \hline Ph & N \\ \hline Ph & C1 \\ \hline Ph & C1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

RN 193541-64-9 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[5-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-piperidinyl]-2,2-diphenylpentyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L28 ANSWER 9 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:473595 HCAPLUS

DN 127:81788

TI Preparation of amino acid derivatives as neuropeptide Y antagonists

IN Engel, Wolfhard; Eberlein, Wolfgang; Rudolf, Klaus; Doods, Henri; Wieland, Heike-Andrea; Willim, Klaus-Dieter; Entzeroth, Michael; Wienen, Wolfgang

PA Dr. Karl Thomae Gmbh, Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 117 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

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DT
                   Patent
LΑ
                   German
FAN.CNT 1
                   PATENT NO.
                                                                                   KIND
                                                                                                          DATE
                                                                                                                                                                  APPLICATION NO.
                   DE 19544687
                                                                                                          19970605
                                                                                                                                                                  DE 1995-19544687 19951130
                                                                                      A1
                  WO 9719911
                                                                                     A1
                                                                                                          19970605
                                                                                                                                                              WO 1996-EP5222
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   19961126
                                  W: CA, JP, MX, US
                                  RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                   EP 885186
                                                                                                          19981223
                                                                                                                                                               EP 1996-941032 19961126
                                                                                     A1
                                  R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                                                 IE, FI
                   JP 2000501390
                                                                                       Т2
                                                                                                          20000208
                                                                                                                                                                   JP 1997-520166
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   19961126
                   US 6114390
                                                                                       A
                                                                                                          20000905
                                                                                                                                                                  US 1997-950113
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   19971014
PRAI DE 1995-19544687
                                                                                      Α
                                                                                                          19951130
                   WO 1996-EP5222
                                                                                      W
                                                                                                          19961126
                   US 1998-945048
                                                                                       Α
                                                                                                          19980210
OS
                   MARPAT 127:81788
                  Title compds. T-Z-CONHCH(CH2B)CO-Y-(CH2)nR [I; T = (un)substituted Ph,
AB
                   = H, alkoxy, OPh; Z = bond, O, NH, CH2, CH2CH2, CH2O, CH2NH; B = constant B = c
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naphthyl, heteroarom., N, O, S, or T1TC2U; T1, T2 = (un)substituted Ph; U = H, alkoxy, OPh; Z = bond, O, NH, CH2, CH2CH2, CH2O, CH2NH; B = amidine-contg. group; Y = O, NR1; R1 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, CH2Ph; n = 1-3; R = (un)substituted Ph], neuropeptide Y antagonists, were prepd. Thus, (R)-R2NHC(:NH)NH(CH2)3CH(NHR3)CONHR4 [II; R2 = 2,2,5,7,8-pentamethylchroman-6-sulfonyl (Pmc); R3, = Fmoc; R4 = CH2C6H4CH2NHCO2CH2Ph-4] was prepd. from Fmoc-D-Arg(Pmc)OH and 4-PhCH2O2CNHCH2C6H4CH2CONH2, Fmoc-deprotected, and diphenylacetylated, to give II (R2 = Pmc; R3 = COCHPh2; R4 = CH2C6H4CH2NH2-4), which was N-acetylated and deprotected to give II-trifluoroacetate (R2 = H; R3 = COCHPh2; R4 = CH2C6H4CH2NHAc-4). I showed activity as neuropeptide Y antagonists in both in vitro (at 10-8 to 10-5 M) and in vivo tests (at 0.001 to 10 mg/kg).

- IT 191871-83-7P 191871-84-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of amino acid derivs. as neuropeptide Y antagonists)

RN 191871-83-7 HCAPLUS

RN 191871-84-8 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 6-cyano-2-[(diphenylacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O 
$$\parallel$$
NH-C-CHPh<sub>2</sub>
 $\parallel$ 
HO<sub>2</sub>C-CH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-CN

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L28 ANSWER 10 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
    1997:269718 HCAPLUS
AN
    127:4979
DN
ΤI
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- Cyclization of .delta.,.epsilon.-acetylenic amines and amino acids into cyclic enamines. A very efficient and simple access to polysubstituted pyrrolidines
- ΑU Cossy, J.; Belotti, D.; Bellosta, V.; Boggio, C.
- Laboratoire de Chimie Organique, Associe au CNRS, ESPCI, Paris, 75231, Fr. CS
- Tetrahedron Lett. (1997), 38(15), 2677-2680 SO CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
- PB Elsevier
- DTJournal
- LΑ English
- AΒ The thermolysis of .delta.,.epsilon.-acetylenic amines and amino acids led to cyclic enamines which after redn. with NaBH(OAc)3 were transformed into polysubstituted pyrrolidines.
- IT 190261-42-8

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(cyclization of .delta.,.epsilon.-acetylenic amines and amino acids into cyclic enamines)

- 190261-42-8 HCAPLUS RN
- CN Glycine, N-(2,2,5-triphenyl-4-pentynyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Ph$$
 | Ph | C == C - CH<sub>2</sub> - C - CH<sub>2</sub> - NH - CH<sub>2</sub> - CO<sub>2</sub>H | Ph

- L28 ANSWER 11 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1996:740277 HCAPLUS
- 126:7822 DN
- Methadone derivatives and protein and polypeptide methadone derivative ΤI conjugates and labels
- Buechler, Kenneth F. IN
- PA Biosite Diagnostics, Incorporated, USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

- DTPatent
- English LΑ

FAN.	CNT	1								•										
	PAT	CENT :	NO.		KIND DATE					APPLICATION NO.						DATE				
ΡI	WO	9631	496		Α	1	1996	1010		W	0 19	96-U	S256	0	1996	0308				
		W:	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,		
			ES,	FI,	GB,	GΕ,	HU,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,		
			LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,		
			SG,	SI																
		RW:	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	ŪG,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ĒS,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,		
			ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML		
	US	5710	256		A		1998	0120		U	s 19	95-4	1603	4	1995	0403				
	CA	2217	154		A.	A	1996	1010		C	A 19	96-2	2171	54	1996	8080				
	ΑU	9651	739		Α	1	1996	1023		Αl	U 19	96-5	1739		1996	0308				

EP 827502 19980311 EP 1996-908525 19960308 A1 EP 827502 В1 20001122 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI JP 11503428 T2 19990326 JP 1996-530280 19960308 AT 197709 Ε 20001215 AT 1996-908525 19960308 PRAI US 1995-416034 Α 19950403 WO 1996-US2560 W 19960308 MARPAT 126:7822 os

AB Methadone derivs. are synthesized and covalently attached to antigens (proteins or polypeptides) in order to prep. antibodies or receptors to methadone and methadone metabolites. Once generated, the antibodies or receptors and the derivs. which are covalently attached to proteins, polypeptides or labels may be used in the immunoassay process (no data). In the single example given, 1-N-cysteinamido-6,6-diphenyl-5-keto-8-(dimethylamino)nonane was prepd. in several steps from 2,2-diphenyl-4-(dimethylamino)pentanenitrile.

IT 184093-39-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of methadone derivs.)

RN 184093-39-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Homocysteine, N-[9-(dimethylamino)-1,6-dioxo-7,7-diphenyldecyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

### ● HCl

# IT 184093-38-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of methadone derivs.)

RN 184093-38-7 HCAPLUS

CN L-Homocysteine, N-[9-(dimethylamino)-1,6-dioxo-7,7-diphenyldecyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L28 ANSWER 12 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:889841 HCAPLUS

DN 124:118

TI Identification of amperozide metabolites in urine from rats, rabbits, dogs and man by Frit-FAB LC/MS using deuterated solvents to gain additional structural information

AU Edlund, P. O.

CS Dep. Structural Biochem., Biopharmaceuticals, Stockholm, S-11287, Swed.

SO J. Mass Spectrom. (1995), 30(10), 1380-92

CODEN: JMSPFJ; ISSN: 1076-5174

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ A general procedure for screening of amperozide, N-ethyl-4-[4,4-bis(pfluorophenylbutyl)]-1-piperazine carboxamide, labeled with 3H and 14C was developed. Urine exts. were first fractionated by preparative reversed phase chromatog. with an acetonitrile gradient elution. The collected fractions, were finally analyzed using a methanol gradient on packed capillary LC columns with an internal diam. of 0.32 or 0.5 mm connected to the Frit-FAB probe of a Jeol SX-102 mass spectrometer for structural anal. A micro-gradient system dedicated for the use of deuterated solvents was constructed from two six-port switching valves to reduce the consumption of the eluents. The no. of hydrogens bound to heteroatoms (OH, NH) was detd. by comparing the spectra recorded from mobile phases using water and deuterium oxide. The mass spectra recorded during elution with deuterated solvents was also useful for the interpretation of the fragmentation pattern of std. compds. and unknown metabolites. The technique proved esp. useful of different between hydroxylation and N-oxidn. which gave the same increase in mol. mass by 16 u but a difference in the no. of exchangeable protons. Metabolites formed by oxidative N-dealkylation of amperozide either at the basic nitrogen or a the N-ethylcarboxamide nitrogen were identified. Addnl. metabolites derived from deethylated amperozide involving N-oxidn. of the basic nitrogen of the piperazine ring and/or hydroxylation of the piperazine ring were identified. Metabolites formed by oxidative N-dealkylation and opening of the piperazine ring were also identified.

IT 171202-47-4

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
(identification of amperozide metabolites in urine from rats, rabbits, dogs and man by Frit-FAB LC/MS)

RN 171202-47-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[4,4-bis(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L28 ANSWER 13 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:887981 HCAPLUS

DN 123:275962

TI Quaternary ammonium immunogenic conjugates and immunoassay reagent.

IN Craig, Alan R.

PA du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent LA English

FAN.CNT 1

		_								
	PA	CENT I	NO.		KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION	NO.	DATE
PI	ΕP	6685	04		A1	19950823	EP	1995-1012	10	19950130
	ΕP	6685	04		B1	20010321				
		R:	DE,	FR,	IT					
	US	5492	841		Α	19960220	US	1994-1993	80	19940218
	JP	0726	0784		A2	19951013	JP	1995-2930	0	19950217
	JP	2731	739		B2	19980325				
PRAI	US	1994	-1993	380	Α	19940218				

This invention relates to novel quaternary immunogenic conjugates and reporter reagents useful for eliciting antibodies and in immunoassays. The hapten of the quaternary ammonium conjugate is selected from the group consisting of cocaine, methadone, methaqualone, propoxyphene, phencyclidine, amphetamine, benzodiazepam, quinidine, procainamide, N-acetylprocainamide, and tricyclic amines. The carrier for the conjugate is selected from the group consisting of proteins, glycoproteins, polypeptides, carbohydrates, and latex particles. Processes for prepg. such quaternary ammonium immunogenic conjugates and their use in immunoassays and in eliciting antibodies are also disclosed.

IT 169552-88-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of quaternary ammonium immunogenic conjugates of methadone)

RN 169552-88-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanaminium, N-(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl)-N,N,.alpha.-trimethyl-.gamma.-(1-oxopropyl)-.gamma.-phenyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• Br-

# IT 169552-89-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of quaternary ammonium immunogenic conjugates of methadone)

RN 169552-89-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N,.alpha.-trimethyl-.gamma.-(1-oxopropyl)-.gamma.-phenyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Br-

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L28 ANSWER 14 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 1995:723199 HCAPLUS

DN 123:143931

TI Preparation of condensed seven-membered heterocyclic compounds useful as squalene synthetase inhibitors

IN Yukimasa, Hidefumi; Tozawa, Ryuichi; Sugiyama, Yasuo; Kori, Masakuni

PA Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 98 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PI EP 645378	FAN.	PATENT NO.			APPLICATION NO. DATE
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE  AU 9473051			A1	19950329	
AU 678503 B2 19970529 NO 9403495 A 19950327 NO 1994-3495 19940920 AT 195732 E 20000915 AT 1994-114837 19940921 AT 156820 E 19970815 AT 1994-114939 19940922 CA 2132792 AA 19950325 CA 1994-2132792 19940923 FI 9404418 A 19950325 FI 1994-4418 19940923 HU 70962 A2 19951128 HU 1994-2739 19940923 RU 2129547 C1 19990427 RU 1994-34115 19940923 CN 1106397 A 19950809 CN 1994-116486 19940924 CN 1054380 B 20000712 JP 07179444 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229159 19940926 JP 07179429 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229160 19940926 US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19930924 JP 1993-238273 A 19930928					FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE
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CA 2132792 AA 19950325 CA 1994-2132792 19940923 CA 2132794 AA 19950325 CA 1994-2132794 19940923 FI 9404418 A 19950325 FI 1994-4418 19940923 HU 70962 A2 19951128 HU 1994-2739 19940923 RU 2129547 C1 19990427 RU 1994-34115 19940923 CN 1106397 A 19950809 CN 1994-116486 19940924 CN 1054380 B 20000712 JP 07179444 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229159 19940926 JP 07179429 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229160 19940926 US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813 PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930924 JP 1993-241062 A 19930928		AT 195732	E	20000915	AT 1994-114837 19940921
CA 2132792 AA 19950325 CA 1994-2132792 19940923 CA 2132794 AA 19950325 CA 1994-2132794 19940923 FI 9404418 A 19950325 FI 1994-4418 19940923 HU 70962 A2 19951128 HU 1994-2739 19940923 RU 2129547 C1 19990427 RU 1994-34115 19940923 CN 1106397 A 19950809 CN 1994-116486 19940924 CN 1054380 B 20000712 JP 07179444 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229159 19940926 JP 07179429 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229160 19940926 US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813 PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930924 JP 1993-241062 A 19930928		AT 156820	E	19970815	AT 1994-114939 19940922
FI 9404418 A 19950325 FI 1994-4418 19940923 HU 70962 A2 19951128 HU 1994-2739 19940923 RU 2129547 C1 19990427 RU 1994-34115 19940923 CN 1106397 A 19950809 CN 1994-116486 19940924 CN 1054380 B 20000712 JP 07179444 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229159 19940926 JP 07179429 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229160 19940926 US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813 PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930928		CA 2132792	AA	19950325	CA 1994-2132792 19940923
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HU 70962 A2 19951128 HU 1994-2739 19940923 RU 2129547 C1 19990427 RU 1994-34115 19940923 CN 1106397 A 19950809 CN 1994-116486 19940924 CN 1054380 B 20000712 JP 07179444 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229159 19940926 JP 07179429 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229160 19940926 US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813  PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930928		FI 9404418	Α	19950325	FI 1994-4418 19940923
RU 2129547 C1 19990427 RU 1994-34115 19940923 CN 1106397 A 19950809 CN 1994-116486 19940924 CN 1054380 B 20000712 JP 07179444 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229159 19940926 JP 07179429 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229160 19940926 US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813  PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930924 JP 1993-241062 A 19930928		ни 70962	A2	19951128	HU 1994-2739 19940923
JP 07179444 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229159 19940926 JP 07179429 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229160 19940926 US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813 PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930924 JP 1993-241062 A 19930928		RU 2129547	C1	19990427	RU 1994-34115 19940923
JP 07179444 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229159 19940926 JP 07179429 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229160 19940926 US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813 PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930924 JP 1993-241062 A 19930928		CN 1106397	Α	19950809	CN 1994-116486 19940924
JP 07179429 A2 19950718 JP 1994-229160 19940926 US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813  PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930924 JP 1993-241062 A 19930928		CN 1054380	В		
US 5698691 A 19971216 US 1994-311932 19940926 US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813 PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930924 JP 1993-241062 A 19930928				19950718	JP 1994-229159 19940926
US 5677298 A 19971014 US 1996-696118 19960813 PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930924 JP 1993-241062 A 19930928		JP 07179429	A2		
PRAI JP 1993-238273 A 19930924 JP 1993-241062 A 19930928				19971216	US 1994-311932 19940926
JP 1993-241062 A 19930928					US 1996-696118 19960813
	PRAI	JP 1993-238273	Α	19930924	
				19930928	•
US 1994-312194 B1 19940926		US 1994-312194	B1	19940926	

OS MARPAT 123:143931

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title compds. [I; A = (un)substituted benzo or heterocyclo moiety; D, K = C, N; R1 = H, (un)substituted hydrocarbyl; R2 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted Ph, (un)substituted arom. heterocyclyl; X = esterified carboxyl, (un)substituted carbamoyl, (un)substituted OH,

(un) substituted NH2, (un) substituted heterocyclyl; Z = C, N, S(O)q; q = 0-2; ring J is an (un) substituted 7-membered heterocyclic ring contg. .ltoreq.3 heteroatoms], useful as inhibitors of squalene synthetase which do not inhibit the biosynthesis of ubiquinone (no data), heme A (no data), or dolichol (no data), and which are useful in the treatment of hypercholesteremia (no data) or coronary sclerosis (no data), are prepd. and I-contg. formulations presented. Thus, benzothiazepinone, II, was prepd. and demonstrated a IC50 against human squalene synthetase of 0.10 x 10-7 M.

IT 165952-41-0P 165952-45-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of condensed seven-membered heterocyclic compds. useful as squalene synthetase inhibitors from)

RN 165952-41-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-(5-chloro-2-nitrophenyl)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 165952-45-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-[5-chloro-2-[(2,2-dimethylpropyl)amino]phenyl]-2-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L28 ANSWER 15 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:662328 HCAPLUS

DN 123:83996

TI Preparation of aminoacid derivatives as neuropeptide Y antagonists.

IN Rudolf, Klaus; Eberlein, Wolfgang; Engel, Wolfhard; Mihm, Gerhard; Doods, Henri; Wieland, Heike-Andrea; Willim, Klaus-Dieter; Krause, Juergen; Dollinger, Horst; et al.

PA Dr. Karl Thomae GmbH, Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 308 pp.

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CODEN: PIXXD2
     Patent
DT
LΑ
     German
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                            _____
                                           _____
PΙ
     WO 9417035
                      A1
                            19940804
                                           WO 1994-EP109
                                                            19940118
        W: AU, BG, BY, CA, CN, CZ, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SK, UA
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                            19940721
     DE 4301452
                      A1
                                           DE 1993-4301452 19930120
     DE 4326465
                       A1
                            19950209
                                           DE 1993-4326465
                                                            19930806
     AU 9458841
                       A1
                            19940815
                                           AU 1994-58841
                                                            19940118
                       В2
     AU 683442
                            19971113
                                           EP 1994-905073
     EP 680469
                       Α1
                            19951108
                                                            19940118
     EP 680469
                       В1
                            20000426
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
     JP 08505862
                       Т2
                            19960625
                                           JP 1994-516636
                                                            19940118
                       Ε
                            20000515
                                           AT 1994-905073
     AT 192142
                                                            19940118
     FI 9503467
                            19950718
                                           FI 1995-3467
                       Α
                                                            19950718
     NO 9502869
                       Α
                            19950919
                                           NO 1995-2869
                                                            19950719
PRAI DE 1993-4301452
                            19930120
                      Α
     DE 1993-4326465
                            19930806
                      Α
     WO 1994-EP109
                       W
                            19940118
OS
     MARPAT 123:83996
     TZNR1CR2R3COY(CH2)nR [n = 0-5; R = H, OH, (substituted) Ph, naphthyl,
AΒ
     aminophenyl, aminonaphthyl, hydroxyphenyl, hydroxynaphthyl,
     diphenylmethyl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, etc.; Y = O, NR4; R1, R4 = H,
     alkyl, cycloalkyl, (substituted) Ph, PhCH2; R2 = substituted alkyl, Ph,
     PhCH2; R3 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl; T = H, Ph, (substituted) heteroaryl,
     protecting group, etc.; Z = bond, CO, CH2, SO, SO2], were prepd. Thus,
     H-D-Arg(NO2)-OH in THF was treated with aq. NaOH and then with Ph2CHCOCl
     to -gi-ve -85% amide. This in THF was treated with N-methylmorpholine,
     iso-Bu chloroformate, and 4-(aminomethyl)acetanilide under cooling to give
     63% (R)-N-[[4-(acetylamino)phenyl]methyl]-N5-[amino(nitroimino)methyl]-N2-
     (diphenylacetyl)ornithinamide. This was hydrogenated in aq. HOAc over Pd
     to give (R)-N-[[4-(acetylamino)phenyl]methyl]-N2-
     diphenylacetylargininamide acetate. Title compds. antagonized
     neuropeptide Y-induced effects on blood pressure in rats at 0.01-10 mg/kg.
Т·Т
     164648-22-0P 164648-23-1P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of aminoacid derivs. as neuropeptide Y antagonists)
RN
     164648-22-0 HCAPLUS
     164648-23-1 HCAPLUS
RN
    ANSWER 16 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L28
AN
     1992:511804 HCAPLUS
DN
     117:111804
     Preparation of (araliphatylamino)alkanediphosphonic acids as calcium
TI
     metabolism regulators
     Jaeggi, Knut A.
ΙN
PA
     Ciba-Geigy Corp., USA
     U.S., 11 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 278,394, abandoned.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DΤ
     Patent
LΑ
     English
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
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PI	US 5110807	Α	19920505	US 1990-500441	19900328
	US 5190930	Α	19930302	US 1991-811590	19911220
PRAI	US 1988-278394		19881201		
	CH 1987-4847		19871211		
	US 1990-500441		19900328		
os	MARPAT 117:11180	4			
GI					

AB R1R2NX C(OH) (PO3H2)2 (R1 = araliphatyl; R2 = H, monovalent aliphatyl; X = divalent aliphatyl), were prepd. for treatment of Ca metab. disorders (no data). Thus, 3-[N-(3-phenylpropyl)-N-methylamino]propionic acid-HCl (prepn. given) was heated at 100.degree. with 85% H3PO4, PhCl, and PCl3 to give a residue which was refluxed with 9N HCl to give title compd. I. Tablets were prepd. contg. I.

IT 124369-91-1P 143070-50-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as intermediate of calcium regulator)

RN 124369-91-1 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[4,4-bis(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$(CH_2)_3-NH-CH_2-CH_2-C-OEt$$

RN 143070-50-2 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[4,4-bis(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-, ethyl ester,
 hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

L28 ANSWER 17 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1991:247711 HCAPLUS

DN 114:247711

TI GABA uptake inhibitors. Syntheses and structure-activity studies on GABA analogs containing diarylbutenyl and diarylmethoxyalkyl N-substituents

AU Falch, E.; Krogsgaard-Larsen, P.

CS Dep. Org. Chem., R. Dan. Sch. Pharm., Copenhagen, DK-2100, Den.

Eur. J. Med. Chem. (1991), 26(1), 69-77

CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 114:247711

GΙ

A no. of analogs of GABA or .beta.-alanine contg. 4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl AB (DPB), benzhydryl Et ether (BEE), or benzhydryl Pr ether N-substituents have been synthesized and tested as inhibitors of synaptosomal GABA uptake. Whereas the N-DPB and N-BEE analogs of GABA are markedly less potent than GABA itself as inhibitors of GABA uptake, N-methylation of these analogs resulted in increased potency and reduced pKa II values of Ph2C:CHCH2NMe(CH2)3CO2H and Ph2CHOCH2CH2NMe(CH2)3CO2H (I). Incorporation of the alkyl groups of Ph2CHOCH2CH2NMeCH2CH2CO2H, I, and Ph2CHO(CH2)3NMe(CH2)3CO2H into the cyclized piperidine analogs gave the less active compds. II, III, and IV, resp. This loss of in vitro activity was most pronounced for III and IV. These results suggest that the basic chatacter of the amino groups as well as the conformational flexibility of the spacer-arm connecting the amino acid 'heads' and the arom. moieties of this class of GABA uptake inhibitors are factors of importance for GABA uptake affinity.

IT 95274-11-6

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(inhibition by, of synaptosomal GABA uptake)

RN 95274-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Ph_2C = CH - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH - (CH_2)_3 - CO_2H$ 

IT 133992-88-8P 134014-86-1P

RN 133992-88-8 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)ethylamino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O Et 
$$\parallel$$
 EtO-C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-N-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH=CPh<sub>2</sub>

RN 134014-86-1 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)methylamino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O Me 
$$\parallel$$
  $\parallel$   $\parallel$   $\parallel$   $\parallel$  EtO-C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-N-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH=CPh<sub>2</sub>

IT 133992-89-9P 133992-90-2P 133993-13-2P 133993-14-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and synaptosomal GABA uptake-inhibiting activity of)

RN 133992-89-9 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)methylamino]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{(CH}_2)}_3-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH} \Longrightarrow \text{CPh}_2 \end{array}$$

● HCl

RN 133992-90-2 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)ethylamino]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Et} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C-- (CH}_2) \text{ 3-N-- CH}_2\text{-- CH}_2\text{--- CPh}_2 \end{array}$$

HCl

RN 133993-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C--- (CH}_2) \ _3-\text{N--- CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH} \\ \end{array} \\ \text{CPh}_2 \\ \end{array}$$

RN 133993-14-3 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)ethylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Et 
$$|$$
 HO<sub>2</sub>C- (CH<sub>2</sub>) 3-N-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH= CPh<sub>2</sub>

L28 ANSWER 18 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1991:74729 HCAPLUS

DN 114:74729

- TI GABA-A agonists and GABA uptake inhibitors: structure-activity relationships
- AU Falch, Erik; Larsson, Orla M.; Schousboe, Arne; Krogsgaard-Larsen, Povl
- CS Dep. Org. Chem., R. Dan. Sch. Pharm., Copenhagen, DK-2100, Den.
- SO Drug Dev. Res. (1990), 21(3), 169-88 CODEN: DDREDK; ISSN: 0272-4391
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Muscimol is a potent but non-selective GABA-A agonist. Structure-activity AB studies on the (S)- and (R)-forms of chiral muscimol analogs have disclosed a high degree of agonist stereoselectivity of the GABA-A receptors. THIP (4,5,6,7-tetrahydroisoxazolo[5,4-c]pyridin-3-ol) is a  $_{-}$  specific GABA-A agonist which has been the subject of clin. studies in different groups of patients. Even minor alterations of the structure of THIP result in substantial or complete loss of GABA-A agonist activity. 4-PIOL (5-(4-piperidyl)isoxazol-3-ol) shows in vivo GABA-A agonist activity on spinal neurons, whereas the in vitro pharmacol. effects in brain tissue prepns. are consistent with a GABA-A antagonist profile of 4-PIOL in the brain. Whereas nipetcotic acid and related GABA uptake inhibitors are substrates for the neuronal and glial transport carriers, the glia-selective GABA uptake inhibitors THPO (4,5,6,7tetrahydroisoxazolo[4,5-c]pyridin-3-ol) and probably also THAO (5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-isoxazolo[4,5-c]azepin-3-ol) are not being transported by the glial uptake carrier. Introduction of the DPB (4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl) or BEE (benzhydryl Et ether) substituents on the basic atoms of GABA uptake inhibitors including nipecotic acid and THPO, results in markedly more potent inhibitors. However, unlike THPO, N-DPB-THPO interacts non-selectively with neuronal and glial GABA uptake, and, in contrast to nipecotic acid, N-DPB-nipecotic acid (SKF-89976-A) has been shown not to be transported by the neuronal or glial GABA carriers. Whereas N-DPB- and N-BEE-GABA are weak inhibitors of synaptosomal GABA uptake, N-methylation of these compds. gives potent uptake inhibitors.
- IT 95274-11-6

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(as GABA uptake inhibitor, structure in relation to)

- RN 95274-11-6 HCAPLUS
- CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Ph_2C = CH - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH - (CH_2)_3 - CO_2H$ 

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L28 ANSWER 19 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 1990:48261 HCAPLUS

DN 112:48261

TI GABA uptake inhibitors containing mono- and diarylmethoxyalkyl N-substituents

AU Falch, Erik; Krogsgaard-Larsen, Povl

CS PharmaBiotec Res. Cent., R. Dan. Sch. Pharm., Copenhagen, DK-2100, Den.

SO Drug Des. Delivery (1989), 4(3), 205-15 CODEN: DDDEEJ; ISSN: 0884-2884

DT Journal

LA English

AB Analogs of GABA and the GABA uptake inhibitors, nipecotic acid and guvacine, carrying N-(mono) - or N-(diarylmethoxy)alkyl substituents were synthesized and tested in vitro as inhibitors of synaptosomal GABA uptake and GABAA receptor binding. Whereas the N-(diphenylmethoxy)ethyl deriv. of GABA was only a moderately potent inhibitor of GABA uptake, corresponding derivs. of nipecotic acid (I) and quvacine were potent inhibitors having IC50 values in the low micromolar range. In the case of I the (R)-isomer was 3 times more potent than the (S)-isomer, the bis-4-chlorophenyl analog was more potent than I, the introduction of an addnl. methylene group into the linkage between the nipecotic acid and benzhydryl ether moiety did not affect the in vitro biol. activity, and removal of one of the Ph groups, or replacement of the benzhydryl ether group by the conformationally restrained fluorenyloxy group resulted in a substantial loss of activity. None of the compds. synthesized showed detectable affinity for GABAA receptor sites.

- IT - - 95274-11-6\_

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(GABA uptake inhibition by, structure in relation to)

RN 95274-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Ph_2C = CH - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH - (CH_2)_3 - CO_2H$ 

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L28 ANSWER 20 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 1990:21139 HCAPLUS

DN 112:21139

TI Preparation and formulation of araliphatyl aminoalkyldiphosphonic acids for treatment of disorders of calcium metabolism

IN Jaeggi, Knut A.

PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 19 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 2

PΙ

	ΕP	320455		B1	19930609					
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	ES	2054868		Т3	19940816		ES	1988-83	10830	19881202
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	IL	88620		<b>A</b> 1	19941128		ΙL	1988-8	3620	19881207
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	FI	92704		С	19941227					
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	HU	48899		A2	19890728		HU	1988-63	378	19881209
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PRAI	CH	1987-4847	7		19871211					
	ΕP	1988-8108	330		19881202					
OS	MAF	RPAT 112:2	21139							

R1R2NXC(OH)(PO3H2)2 (I; R1 = arylaliph. residue; R2 = H, aliph. residue; X AB = divalent aliph. residue), useful for treating disturbances of Ca metab. (no data), were prepd. Thus, Ph(CH2)3NHMe in Et2O was treated with H2C:CHCO2Et and the mixt. was kept overnight to give Ph(CH2)3NMeCH2CH2CO2Et. The latter was hydrolyzed with HCl and the resulting carboxylic acid hydrochloride was stirred with 85% H3PO4 and PhCl at 100.degree. with addn. of PCl3. The mixt. was kept at 100.degree. for 3.5 h and the product was stirred for 3 h in refluxing 9 N HCl to give Ph(CH2)3NMeCH2CH2C(OH)(PO3H2)2 (II). Tablets were prepd. contg. II 75, lactose 268.5, cornstarch 22.5, polyethylene-glycol-6000 5.0, talc 15.0, and Mg stearate 4.0 g/1000 tablets.

IT124369-90-0P 124369-91-1P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as intermediate for hydroxydiphosphonate calcium metab. regulator)

124369-90-0 HCAPLUS RN

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[4,4-bis(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

RN 124369-91-1 HCAPLUS

.beta.-Alanine, N-[4,4-bis(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

$$(CH_2)_3 - NH - CH_2 - CH_2 - C - OEt$$

$$CH$$

$$F$$

L28 ANSWER 21 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1989:514805 HCAPLUS

DN 111:114805

TI Quinones. 4. Novel eicosanoid antagonists: synthesis and pharmacological evaluation

AU Shiraishi, Mitsuru; Kato, Kaneyoshi; Terao, Shinji; Ashida, Yasuko; Terashita, Zenichi; Kito, Go

CS Cent. Res. Div., Takeda Chem. Ind., Ltd., Osaka, 532, Japan

Ι

SO J. Med. Chem. (1989), 32(9), 2214-21 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 111:114805

GI

A series of .omega.-phenyl-.omega.-quinonylalkanoic acids and related AΒ compds. was synthesized. The compds. were tested for their inhibitory effects on U-44069-induced contraction of the rabbit aorta. (.+-.)-7-(3,5,6-Trimethyl-1,4-benzoquinon-2-yl)-7-phenylheptanoic acid (I)was one of the most potent compds. I inhibited U-46619-induced contraction of the guinea pig lung and U-44069-induced aggregation of the quinea pig platelet (ED50 = 3.5 .times. 10-7 M). I displaced [3H]U-46619 from guinea pig platelets (ED50 = 7.4 .times. 10-9 M). I also showed very potent inhibitory effects with a min. ED of 0.3 mg/kg orally on U-46619-, LTD4-, platelet activating factor-, or IgG1-induced bronchoconstriction in guinea pigs. The enantiomers of I were prepd. R-(+)-I was active in both in vitro and in vivo tests, but S-(-)-I was much less active. It is concluded that the antiasthmatic effects of I are due primarily to its antagonistic action on the TXA2 receptor. In addn., I showed potent inhibitory effects on PGD2-, PGF2.alpha.-, and 11-epi-PGF2a-induced contraction of guinea pig tracheal strips. The diverse inhibitory effects might be expressed in terms of eicosanoid-antagonistic activity.

IT 122115-66-6

RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (debenzylation of)

- RN 122115-66-6 HCAPLUS
- CN Glycine, N-[7-(2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-1-oxo-7-phenylheptyl)-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L28 ANSWER 22 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1985:160041 HCAPLUS
- DN 102:160041
- TI Orally active and potent inhibitors of .gamma.-aminobutyric acid uptake
- AU Ali, Fadia E.; Bondinell, William E.; Dandridge, Penelope A.; Frazee, James S.; Garvey, Eleanor; Girard, Gerald R.; Kaiser, Carl; Ku, Thomas W.; Lafferty, John J.; et al.
- CS Dep. Med. Chem., Smith Kline French Lab., Philadelphia, PA, 19101, USA
- SO J. Med. Chem. (1985), 28(5), 653-60 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
- DT Journal
- LA English
- GΙ

- AB GABA [56-12-2]-uptake inhibitors that are more potent, more lipophilic, and in limited testing, at least as selective as the parent amino acids were obtained by alkylation of the appropriate butyric-, cyclohexane- and piperidinecarboxylic and pyrrolinidineacetic acids. The ability of these alkylated amino acids to inhibit Na-dependent, high-affinity GABA uptake was measured after preincubation for 15 min with rat brain synaptosomes. N-(4,4-Diphenyl-3-butenyl)-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid (I) [85375-85-5] is a specific GABA-uptake inhibitor more potent, more lipophilic and, as selective as the nonalkylated parent; I and its analogs also exhibited anticovulsant activity in rodents. Structure-activity relations are discussed.
- IT 95274-11-6

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(GABA uptake inhibition by, in brain)

RN 95274-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Ph_2C = CH - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH - (CH_2)_3 - CO_2H$ 

IT 95274-10-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as GABA uptake inhibitor in brain)

RN 95274-10-5 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[(4,4-diphenyl-3-butenyl)amino]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Ph_2C = CH - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH - (CH_2)_3 - CO_2H$ 

#### HCl

L28 ANSWER 23 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1983:215242 HCAPLUS

DN 98:215242

TI Lactones. II: Synthesis of dihydroxylated diphenylalkanamines via azalactones

AU Lehmann, Jochen

CS Pharm. Inst., Univ. Bonn, Bonn, 5300/1, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SO Arch. Pharm. (Weinheim, Ger.) (1983), 316(4), 339-46-CODEN: ARPMAS; ISSN: 0365-6233

DT Journal

LA German

GI

AB HOCPh2CH2NMeCHRCR1R2OH [I, R = H, Me; R1, R2 = H, Me, Ph; R1R2 = (CH2)4] were prepd. by treating morpholinones II with PhLi. II were prepd. by treating alkylene oxides III with MeNHCH2CO2H and lactonization.

2-MeNHC6H4CO2H reacted with propylene oxide to give IV, which gave 2-(HOCPh2)C6H4NMeCH2CHMeOH (V) on treatment with PhLi. V had an antihistamine activity coeff. of 101 compared to 80 for antistin.

IT 85805-12-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and lactonization of)

RN 85805-12-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylethyl)-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{Ph} \\ \mid & \mid \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \mid & \mid \\ \text{Ph} \end{array}$$

L28 ANSWER 24 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1976:508614 HCAPLUS

DN 85:108614

TI Synthesis of some 1H-1,3-benzodiazepines

AU Taylor, John B.; Tully, W. Roger

CS Roussel Lab. Ltd., Swindon, Engl.

SO J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 (1976), (12), 1331-8 CODEN: JCPRB4

DT Journal

LA English

GI

AB 3,4-Dihydro-1H-1,3-benzodiazepine-2,5-dione (I) was prepd. from o-nitroacetophenone. The critical step was the reaction of 2,2'-diaminoacetophenone with 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole to give 77% N-(o-aminophenacylaminocarbonyl)imidazole which cyclized readily in hot H2O to give 88% I. The reactivity at positions 2, 5, and 7 was investigated. Attempts to introduce a 4,5-double bond resulted in rearrangement to quinolines and indoles.

IT 60331-02-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, and cycloaddn. with carbonyldimidazole)

RN 60331-02-4 HCAPLUS

Ι

CN 2-Butenoic acid, 3-[[2-(2-aminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl]amino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L28 ANSWER 25 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1973:38037 HCAPLUS

DN 78:38037

TI Potential hypotensive compounds. Substituted 3-aminopropionates and 3-aminopropionohydroxamic acids

AU Biggs, D. F.; Coutts, R. T.; Selley, M. L.; Towill, G. A.

CS Fac. Pharm. Pharm. Sci., Univ. Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, Can.

SO J. Pharm. Sci. (1972), 61(11), 1739-45 CODEN: JPMSAE

DT Journal

LA English

- AΒ Most of the 48 3-aminoproprionate esters studied were synthesized by addn. of an amine across the .alpha.,.beta.-double bond of Me acrylate [96-33-3], Me methacrylate [80-62-6], or Me crotonate [18707-60-3], while the remainder were obtained by interaction of 1 mole of a 3-bromopropionic ester with 2 moles of the corresponding amine. Twenty-six 3-aminopropionohydroxamic acid hydrochlorides were prepd. by treatment of the appropriate amino ester with hydroxylamine-HCl [5470-11-1] in MeOH. Many of the compds. such as 2-methyl-3-[(2-phenylethyl)amino]propanoic acid Me ester [6297-67-2], 3,3'-[(2-phenylethyl)imino]bispropanoic acid dimethyl ester [38129-46-3], N-[3-(hydroxyamino)-2-methyl-3oxopropyl]heptanaminium chloride [38129-47-4], and N-[3-(hydroxyamino)-3oxopropyl]-2-(2-phenylethyl)benzeneethanaminium chloride [38202-84-5] possessed hypotensive properties but of very short duration. 2-Methyl-3-(octylamino)propanoic acid Me ester [29228-46-4] was the most active, and at 4 mg/kg i.v. decreased the blood pressure of rats by an av. of 52% for 12 min. Some of the compds. were screened for their ability to protect mice against a lethal dose of diisopropylfluorophosphate [55-91-4], but none was active.
- IT 40871-14-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and hypotensive effect of)

RN 40871-14-5 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\label{eq:meo-chi2} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{MeO-C-CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--NH-CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--CHPh}_2 \end{array}$$

L28 ANSWER 26 OF 26 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1973:23847 HCAPLUS

DN 78:23847

TI Metabolism of diphenidol. Urinary products in humans and dogs

AU Kaiser, Carl; Swagzdis, James E.; Flanagan, Thomas L.; Lester, Bruce M.;

Burghard, Garth L.; Green, Harry; Zirkle, Charles L.

Res. Dev. Div., Smith Kline and French Lab., Philadelphia, Pa., USA

SO J. Med. Chem. (1972), 15(11), 1146-50 CODEN: JMCMAR

DT Journal

LA English

The principle metabolite of diphenidol (I) [972-02-1] in dogs and humans was N-(4,4-diphenyl-4-hydroxybutyl)-.delta.-aminovaleric acid (II) [37439-33-1]. More than 50% of the radioactivity in orally administered I-.alpha.-14C was excreted in the urine as II, along with only 5-10% of unchanged I. Smaller amts. of I gucuronide, a phenolic deriv. of I, a lactam of II, and their glucuronides were also detected in urine of both species. Neither II nor its lactam afforded I-like protection against apomorphine-induced emesis in dogs. The structure of II was confirmed by comparison with synthetic II, prepd. by (1) reaction of 2-piperidone with 2-(3-chloropropyl)-2-phenyl-1,3-dioxolane in DMF in the presence of NaH, (2) hydrolysis of the cyclic ketal with HCl to form 4-(2-ketopiperidinyl)butyrophenone, (3) reaction with PhMgBr, and (4) hydrolysis of the lactam with Ba(OH)2.

IT 37439-33-1

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
(formation of, as diphenidol metabolite)

RN 37439-33-1 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[(4-hydroxy-4,4-diphenylbutyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ph} & | \\ | \\ \text{HO-C- (CH}_2)_3 - \text{NH- (CH}_2)_4 - \text{CO}_2\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Ph} \end{array}$$

09/757,011

February 11, 2002

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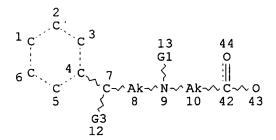
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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AN 2001:279228 HCAPLUS

DN 135:46416

- TI Synthesis of N-Boc and N-Fmoc dipeptoids with nucleobase residues as peptoid nucleic acid monomers
- AU Wu, Yun; Xu, Jie-Cheng; Liu, Jing; Jin, You-Xing
- CS Shanghai Institute of Organic Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai, 200032, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Tetrahedron (2001), 57(16), 3373-3381 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020
- PB Elsevier Science Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The synthesis of Boc and Fmoc protected peptoid nucleic acid monomers bearing thymine, adenine, or guanine on the side chain is described. These nucleobases were attached to the amino group of glycine via an ethylene linkage using the Mitsunobu reaction, except cytosine, which was attached using alkylation. After deprotection, these amino acids have been used for synthesizing N-Boc and N-Fmoc dipeptoids.
- IT 344414-19-3P 344414-20-6P
  - RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of dipeptoid nucleic acid monomers with backbone N-protecting groups)
- RN 344414-19-3 HCAPLUS
- CN Glycine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methylglycyl-N-[2-[6-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-9H-purin-9-yl]ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 344414-20-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methylglycyl-N-[2-[2-(acetylamino)-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-9H-purin-9-yl]ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## IT 344414-22-8P 344414-23-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of dipeptoid nucleic acid monomers with backbone N-protecting groups)

RN 344414-22-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methylglycyl-N-[2-[6-[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-9H-purin-9-yl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 344414-23-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methylglycyl-N-[2-[2-(acetylamino)-1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-9H-purin-9-yl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 2 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L29
AN
     2000:383927 HCAPLUS
DN
     133:34425
ΤI
     Pharmaceutical compositions containing N-substituted azaheterocyclic
     compounds for the treatment of indications related to angiogenesis
IN
    Hansen, Anker Jon; Jorgensen, Tine Krogh; Olsen, Uffe Bang
PΑ
    Novo Nordisk A/S, Den.
     PCT Int. Appl., 120 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
PΙ
    WO 2000032193
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                           20000608
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             IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA,
            MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
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EP 1135129

A1 20010926

EP 1999-957964

19991201

AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UĀ, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM,

PRAI DK 1998-1586 A 19981202 US 1998-111445 P 19981208 WO 1999-DK671 W 19991201

OS MARPAT 133:34425

AB The present invention relates to the use of N-substituted azaheterocyclic compds. or salts thereof, for the treatment of conditions related to angiogenesis. N-substituted azaheterocyclic compds. decreased the vessel area of neovascularization of mouse cornea by 30-50%. A tablet contained a N-substituted azaheterocyclic compd. 100, silicone dioxide 1.5, microcryst. cellulose 70, modified cellulose gum 7.5, in the core, and hydroxypropyl Me cellulose 9, and Mywacett 9-40T 0.9 mg in the coating.

IT 69436-99-3 183476-92-8 273751-35-2

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmaceutical compns. contg. N-substituted azaheterocyclic compds.

for treatment of indications related to angiogenesis)

RN 69436-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 183476-92-8 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 273751-35-2 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L29 ANSWER 3 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:246886 HCAPLUS

DN 133:59045

TI New potential monomers for solid phase synthesis of hydrazinopeptoids: the N.alpha.-substituted-N.beta.-protected hydrazinoglycines and hydrazinoglycinals

AU Cheguillaume, Arnaud; Doubli-Bounoua, Ismahel; Baudy-Floch, Michele; Le Grel, Philippe

CS UMR CRNS 6510, Univ. Rennes I, Rennes, 35042, Fr.

SO Synlett (2000), (3), 331-334 CODEN: SYNLES; ISSN: 0936-5214

PB Georg Thieme Verlag

DT Journal

- LA English
- OS CASREACT 133:59045
- AB Various N.alpha.-substituted-N.beta.-protected hydrazinoglycinates (I), easily prepd. from N.alpha.-substituted-N.beta.-protected hydrazine and esters of bromoacetate, are described as precursors of new potential monomers for solid phase synthesis. An easily attainable deprotection route of I affords the N.alpha.-substituted-N.beta.-protected hydrazinoglycines, or the N.alpha.-substituted-hydrazino glycinates. Redn. and oxidn. of I lead to N.alpha.-substituted-N.beta.-protected hydrazino glycinals.
- IT 276672-52-7P
  - RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (N.alpha.-substituted-N.beta.-protected hydrazinoglycines and hydrazinoglycinals as monomers for solid phase synthesis of hydrazinopeptoids)
- RN 276672-52-7 HCAPLUS
- CN Hydrazinecarboxylic acid, 2-[4-(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)butyl]-2-[2-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-2-oxoethyl]-, 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- IT 276672-58-3P
  - RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
    (N.alpha.-substituted-N.beta.-protected hydrazinoglycines and hydrazinoglycinals as monomers for solid phase synthesis of hydrazinopeptoids)
- RN 276672-58-3 HCAPLUS
- CN Hydrazinecarboxylic acid, 2-(carboxymethyl)-2-[4-(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)butyl]-, 1-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl) ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 4 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L29

2000:144132 HCAPLUS ΑN

132:152142 DN

ΤI Synthesis of peptides with N-substituted glycines as luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone inhibitory analogs for treatment of hormone-dependent tumors.

Dechantsreiter, Michael; Kessler, Horst; Bernd, Michael; Kutscher, IN Bernhard; Beckers, Thomas

PA Asta Medica A.-G., Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 32 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DTPatent

LΑ German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI PRAI	DE 19941248 DE 1998-19839817	A1	20000302 19980901	DE 1999-19941248	19990831

OS MARPAT 132:152142

Title decapeptide compds. in which one or two glycine amine groups have AΒ been substituted with side-chain equiv. of natural or non-natural amino acids were prepd. as analogs of LH-RH, for use in treating hormone-dependent tumors or for LH-RH suppression therapies (no data). Thus, amino acid substitutes were prepd. by, for example, alkylation of an amine such as 4-Cl-C6H4-NH2 with BrCH2COOEt, or amination of CHOCO2H with RNH(CH2)2OC(CH3)3 (R = protecting group). The amino acid substitutes could then be used in solid-phase synthesis (BOC or Fmoc chem.) to prep. fragments for soln. coupling to give the final decapeptides.

ΙT 258333-01-6P

> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of N-substituted glycines for use in prepn. of peptides as LH-releasing hormone inhibitory analogs for treatment of

hormone-dependent tumors)

RN 258333-01-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-N-(1-naphthalenylmethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 5 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

I

AN 1999:312695 HCAPLUS

DN 131:27963

TI Dibenzocycloheptenes and aldose reductase inhibitors for prevention and treatment of diabetic complications

IN Inoue, Atsushi; Choi, Ying-She

PA Senju Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIN	D DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 11130713 A2 OS MARPAT 131:27963 GI	19990518	JP 1997-309706	19971023

 $R^3$   $R^4$   $R^2$ 

AB Title inhibitors contain dibenzocycloheptenes I [R1, R2 = OH, (aryl-substituted) lower alkoxy, halo; if R1 or R2 = halo, then the other

= OH; if R3 or R4 = H, the other = CH2OH, lower alkylaminomethyl, carboxy(lower alkyl)aminomethyl, dioxothiazolidylidenemethyl, CO2H, CHO, oxo-4H-oxadiazolyl; R3R4 = O, ring] or their salts. 2-[.beta.-(3-Methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-4-methoxybenzoic acid was cyclized, dehydrogenated, and demethylated to give I (R1 = 2-OH, R2 = 8-OMe, R3R4 = O), which in vitro inhibited rat lens aldose reductase with IC5O of 25 .mu.M.

IT 226897-15-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of dibenzocycloheptenes as aldose reductase inhibitors for prevention and treatment of diabetic complications)

RN 226897-15-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(2,8-dimethoxy-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-yl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 226897-24-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of dibenzocycloheptenes as aldose reductase inhibitors for prevention and treatment of diabetic complications)

RN 226897-24-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(2,8-dimethoxy-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-yl)methyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 6 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1998:789498 HCAPLUS

DN 130:164074

TI Monoclonal Antibody-Based ELISAs for Part-per-Billion Determination of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons: Effects of Haptens and Formats on Sensitivity and Specificity

AU Li, Kai; Chen, Rongliang; Zhao, Bitao; Liu, Mei; Karu, Alexander E.; Roberts, Victoria A.; Li, Qing X.

CS Department of Environmental Biochemistry, University of Hawaii at Manoa, Honolulu, HI, 96822, USA

SO Anal. Chem. (1999), 71(2), 302-309 CODEN: ANCHAM; ISSN: 0003-2700

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

- LA English
- ΑB As a first step toward developing sensitive enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISAs) for multianalyte detection of polycyclic arom. hydrocarbons (PAHs), haptens with different lengths of carboxylic acid spacers at various positions were derived from naphthalene, fluorene, anthracene, phenanthrene, pyrene, fluoranthene, chrysene, and benzo[a]pyrene (BaP). These haptens were coupled with bovine serum albumin (BSA) to form competitor conjugates. All of these haptens were recognized to different extents by monoclonal antibodies (MAbs) 4D5 and 10C10 originally derived by Gomes and Santella (Chem. Res. Toxicol. 1990, 3, 307-310). The most sensitive indirect ELISAs were obtained by coating wells with the least competitive conjugates. Direct ELISAs using horseradish peroxidase conjugates of pyrene and BaP were less sensitive. The MAbs bound BaP with spacers at either Cl or C6. The cross-reactivity profiles of the eight PAHs were different with each PAH-BSA conjugate used as coating antigen. The ELISA results for BaP closely correlated with those by gas chromatog. (GC), but the detection limit of the ELISA was .apprx.150-fold more sensitive than that of GC, with 2-600 nM spike recoveries of 80-127% from human urine and canal and tap water.
- IT 220339-13-9
  - RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (monoclonal antibody-based ELISAs for part-per-billion detn. of polycyclic arom. hydrocarbons in relation to effects of haptens and formats on sensitivity and specificity)
- RN 220339-13-9 HCAPLUS
- CN .beta.-Alanine, N-(9H-fluoren-3-ylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L29 ANSWER 7 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1998:283803 HCAPLUS
- DN 129:73271
- TI Facile derivatization of glassy carbon surfaces by N-hydroxysuccinimide esters in view of attaching biomolecules
- AU Anne, Agnes; Blanc, Bernard; Moiroux, Jacques; Saveant, Jean Michel
- CS Laboratoire d'Electrochimie Moleculaire, Unite Mixte de Recherche Universite, CNRS No. 7591, Universite Denis Diderot, Paris, 75251, Fr.
- SO Langmuir (1998), 14(9), 2368-2371 CODEN: LANGD5; ISSN: 0743-7463
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The reaction of N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) esters with freshly polished glassy carbon surfaces offers a facile and versatile method of derivatization. Surface concns. larger than 10-10 mol/cm2 can thus be easily achieved. They can be further increased when polishing is carried out in the presence of ammonia, which also improves their reproducibility. The derivatization results from the formation of a covalent peptide linkage by reaction of the NHS ester with superficial amino groups on the

glassy carbon surface. The peptide linkage is remarkably stable in time and can only be hydrolyzed in very strong basic media. 9-Fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl chloride protection, followed by prepn. of the NHS ester, by surface derivatization and by mild deprotection allows the grafting of a mol. that contains an amino group located remotely from the electrode surface, thus opening a route to the attachment of a large variety of biomols., for which NHS esters are available, in a position where their degrdn. should be avoided or minimized.

IT 209053-56-5, N-Succinimidyl [N-(ferrocenylmethyl)-N-(9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl)-6-amino]hexanoate RL: RCT (Reactant)

(with amino groups on glassy carbon in facile derivatization of glassy carbon surfaces for electrodes)

RN 209053-56-5 HCAPLUS

CN Ferrocene, [[[6-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-6-oxohexyl][(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ HC & H & C & CH_2 - N - C & O \\ \hline & & & \\ & & & \\ \hline & & \\$$

- L29 ANSWER 8 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1997:623152 HCAPLUS
- DN 127:262691
- TI Preparation of nitrogenous tricyclic compounds as allergy inhibitors
- IN Miyamoto, Mitsuaki; Yoshiuchi, Tatsuya; Sato, Keizo; Kaino, Makoto; Tanaka, Masayuki; Soejima, Motohiro; Moriya, Katsuhiro; Sakuma, Yoshinori; Yamada, Koji; Harada, Kokichi; Nishizawa, Yukio; Kobayashi, Seiichi; Okita, Makoto; Katayama, Koichi
- PA Eisai Co., Ltd., Japan; Miyamoto, Mitsuaki; Yoshiuchi, Tatsuya; Sato, Keizo; Kaino, Makoto; Tanaka, Masayuki; Soejima, Motohiro; Moriya, Katsuhiro; Sakuma, Yoshinori; et al.
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 175 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent

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LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
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                            _____
                                            ______
PΙ
     WO 9733871
                      A1
                            19970918
                                           WO 1997-JP789
                                                             19970313
         W: AU, CA, CN, HU, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, RU, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                            19970918
                                           CA 1997-2248820 19970313
     CA 2248820
                       AΑ
     AU 9719399
                                           AU 1997-19399
                       Α1
                            19971001
                                                             19970313
     EP 889037
                                           EP 1997-907297
                            19990107
                       Α1
                                                             19970313
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
     CN 1216982
                       Α
                            19990519
                                           CN 1997-194202
                                                             19970313
     NO 9804217
                       Α
                            19981112
                                           NO 1998-4217
                                                             19980911
     US 6333322
                       В1
                            20011225
                                           US 1998-125451
                                                             19980921
PRAI JP 1996-55628
                            19960313
                       Α
     WO 1997-JP789
                       W
                            19970313
OS
     MARPAT 127:262691
GΙ
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Ι

AB The title compds. I [D = alkylene; R1 - R8 = hydrogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, optionally substituted carbamoyl, halogeno, lower alkyl optionally substituted by halogeno, etc.; Z = S, SO, etc.; and Q represents, for example, NR20R21 (where R20, R21 = hydrogen, lower alkyl optionally substituted by halogeno, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted arylalkyl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, or optionally substituted heteroarylalkyl, or NR20R21 = three- to eight-membered ring)] are prepd. I are effective in the prevention and treatment of diseases in which chem. transmitters such as histamine and leukotriene participate, for example, asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, hives, hay fever, gastrointestinal allergy, and dietary allergy. In an in vitro test

for inhibition of antigen-induced histamine release from basophils, the title compd. II showed IC50 of  $10\,-\,30\,$  .mu.M.

IT 196094-39-0P 196095-65-5P 196095-91-7P

196095-93-9P 196095-94-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of nitrogenous tricyclic compds. as allergy inhibitors)

RN 196094-39-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(1,2-dimethyl-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 196095-65-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(1,2-dimethyl-5-oxido-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 196095-91-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-[3-(1,2-dimethyl-5-oxido-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 196095-93-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(1,2-dimethyl-5-oxido-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 196095-94-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(1,2-dimethyl-5-oxido-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

WO 1996-DK141

" OS

MARPAT 125:328528

W

19960401

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L29
     ANSWER 9 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ΑN
     1996:708300 HCAPLUS
DN
     125:328528
ΤI
     Preparation of heterocyclic tricyclic analgesics, antidiabetics and
     antiinflammatory agents
     Madsen, Peter; Andersen, Knud Erik; Doerwald, Florenzio Zaragossa;
IN
     Joergensen, Tine Krogh; Andersen, Henrik Sune; Hohlweg, Rolf; Olsen, Uffe
PA
     Novo Nordisk A/s, Den.
     PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LА
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                        ____
                                                _____
ΡI
     WO 9631481
                         A1
                               19961010
                                                WO 1996-DK141
                                                                   19960401
         W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
              SG, SI
          RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
              IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML
     US 5962449
                               19991005
                                                US 1996-623447
                                                                   19960328
                         Α
     CA 2217198
                               19961010
                                                CA 1996-2217198
                         AΑ
                                                                  19960401
     AU 9652706
                               19961023
                                                AU 1996-52706
                         Α1
                                                                   19960401
                                                EP 1996-909078
     EP 820443
                               19980128
                                                                   19960401
                         Α1
                               20010919
     EP 820443
                         В1
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
     JP 11503129
                         T2
                               19990323
                                                JP 1996-529870
                                                                   19960401
     AT 205833
                         E
                               20011015
                                                AT 1996-909078
                                                                   19960401
     ZA 9602733
                         Α
                               19961024
                                                ZA 1996-2733
                                                                   19960404
PRAI DK 1995-407
                         Α
                               19950407
     DK 1995-1002
                         Α
                               19950911
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$$R1$$
 $R2$ 
 $(CH_2)_r$ 
 $Z$ 
 $I$ 
 $CO_2H$ 
 $II$ 

The title compds. [I; R1, R2 = H, halogen, CF3, OH, alkyl, alkoxy; X = O, S, CH2CH2, (un)substituted NH, CH2O, OCH2, S(:O), etc.; Y = NCH2, CHCH2, C:CH; Z = (un)substituted 2-pyridylamino, (un)substituted cyclohexylamino, etc.; r = 1-3], useful for the clin. treatment of painful, hyperalgesic and/or inflammatory conditions in which C-fibers play a pathophysiol. role by eliciting neurogenic pain or inflammation, and for the treatment of noninsulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (no data), are prepd. and a I-contg. formulation presented. Thus, dihydrodibenz[b,f]azepine II (m.p. 114-117.degree.) was prepd. in 4 steps from 10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepine and demonstrated a 36% inhibition of pain in a mouse formalin-induced pain model at 0.1 mg/kg.

# IT 69436-99-3P 183476-85-9P 183476-92-8P 183476-93-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of heterocyclic tricyclic analgesics, antidiabetics and antiinflammatory agents)

RN 69436-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN

.beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 183476-85-9 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### ● HCl

RN 183476-92-8 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 183476-93-9 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## IT 183476-99-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of heterocyclic tricyclic analgesics, antidiabetics and antiinflammatory agents)

RN 183476-99-5 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-, ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### HCl

L29 ANSWER 10 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:881451 HCAPLUS

DN 123:286044

TI Preparation of tetrazolyldibenzocycloheptene derivatives as angiotensin II antagonists

IN Fujishita, Toshio; Kyama, Ryuichi; Fujimoto, Masabumi; Hara, Mariko; Pponma, Tsunetoshi

PA Shionogi Seiyaku Kk, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 40 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 07165689	A2	19950627	JP 1994-257207	19941021
PRAT	JP 1993-263933		19931021		

OS MARPAT 123:286044

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title compds. I [X = CO, etc.; Y = tetrazolyl, etc.; ring A = (un)substituted benzene ring, etc.; Z = (un)substituted imidazolyl, etc.] are prepd. In an in vitro test for angiotensin II antagonism, the title compds. II and III (prepn. given) showed Ki values of 1 and 15 nM, resp. The Ki values of 18 compds. of this invention in the above test are given in a table in this document.

IT 169270-85-3P 169270-90-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of tetrazolyldibenzocycloheptene derivs. as angiotensin II antagonists)

RN 169270-85-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-(1-oxopentyl)-N-[[5-oxo-11-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-3-yl]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 169270-90-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-(1-oxopentyl)-N-[[5-oxo-11-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-3-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

## IT 169270-83-1P 169270-84-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of tetrazolyldibenzocycloheptene derivs. as angiotensin II antagonists)

RN 169270-83-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[(11-cyano-5-oxo-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-3-yl)methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 169270-84-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[(11-cyano-5-oxo-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-3-yl)methyl]-N-(1-oxopentyl)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry.

L29 ANSWER 11 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:835588 HCAPLUS

DN 123:227838

TI Tricyclic derivatives, useful as inhibitors of TNF-.alpha., and pharmaceutical compositions containing them.

IN Ting, Pauline C.; Solomon, Daniel L.; Friary, Richard J.; Villani, Frank
J.; Piwinski, John J.; Lee, Joe F.; Seidl, Vera A.; Jakway, James P.;
Vashi, Dhiru B.

PA Schering Corp., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 76 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

	CNT 1		
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 9515939 W: JP		A1 . 19950615	WO 1994-US13662 19941205
	RW: AT, BE,		FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
			US 1993-162744 19931206
	EP 733035	A1 19960925	EP 1995-903619 19941205
	EP 733035	B1 19990331	
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES,	FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE
	JP 09500656	T2 19970121	JP 1994-516223 19941205
	JP 2793915	B2 19980903	
			AT 1995-903619 19941205
	ES 2131300	тз 19990716	ES 1995-903619 19941205
	US 5767120	A 19980616	US 1995-479418 19950606
	CA 2175287		CA 1996-2175287 19960429
PRAI		19931206	
		19941205	
os	MARPAT 123:2278		
	MANUAL 123.2270	50	
GI			

AΒ The invention discloses tricyclic compds. I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts or solvates [in which 1 of T and U = CH, other = N or CH; 1 of V and W = CH2, other = O or CH2; R1, R2 = H, halo; R3 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkaryl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl, acyloxymethyl, alkoxy, alkoxymethyl, or alkyl substituted with cycloalkyl; R4 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxy, or OH; Z = CH, CH2C(R5), bond, CH2, CH:CH, CH2CR5R6; R5, R6 = H, alkyl; R7, R8 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, OH, alkoxy, alkanoyl, alkoxycarbonyl, etc.; or R7R8 together = OR9 or certain 5- or 6-membered rings; R9 = H, alkyl]. Also disclosed are pharmaceutical compns. contg. I, methods for inhibiting tumor necrosis factor-.alpha. (TNF-.alpha.) using I, and methods for treating septic shock, inflammation, or allergic disease using I. For example, reaction of 5-ethoxydibenzosuberone with KNH2 in liq. NH3 at -33.degree., followed by reaction of the resultant salt with ClCH2CH2NMe2, gave title compd. II in 48% yield. In a test for inhibition of LPS/galactosamine-induced lethality in mice [septic shock model], II gave complete protection at 25 mg/kg (oral or i.p.). Approx. 100 compds. I (bases and salts) were prepd., claimed, and/or tested. Addnl. test results for inhibition of TNF-.alpha. prodn. by I, both in vitro and in vivo, are described.

168547-83-9P 168547-85-1P 168547-95-3P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of tricyclic derivs. as inhibitors of TNF-.alpha.) 168547-83-9 HCAPLUS

Glycine, N-[2-(5-ethoxy-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-yl)ethyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 168547-85-1 HCAPLUS

IT

RN

CN

CN Glycine, N-[2-(5-ethoxy-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-yl)ethyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 168547-95-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-[10,11-dihydro-5-(2-propenyl)-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-yl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2C = CH - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH - CH_2 - CO_2H$$

L29 ANSWER 12 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:667003 HCAPLUS

DN 123:284890

TI Novel Angiotensin II Receptor Antagonists. Design, Synthesis, and in Vitro Evaluation of Dibenzo[a,d]cycloheptene and Dibenzo[b,f]oxepin Derivatives. Searching for Bioisosteres of Biphenyltetrazole Using a Three-Dimensional Search Technique

AU Kiyama, Ryuichi; Honma, Tsunetoshi; Hayashi, Kunio; Ogawa, Masayoshi; Hara, Mariko; Fujimoto, Masafumi; Fujishita, Toshio

CS Shionogi Research Laboratories, Shionogi Co. Ltd, Osaka, 553, Japan

SO J. Med. Chem. (1995), 38(14), 2728-41 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DT Journal

LA English

AB Three-dimensional substructure searching (3D search), using the program MACCS-3D, was utilized for designing novel angiotensin II receptor antagonists which contain a bioisostere of the biphenyltetrazole moiety of DuP 753. A 3D query was prepd. from an overlay model of substructures of several potent AII antagonists. The search system retrieved 139 compds. from the database MDDR-3D, which consisted of 29,400 medicinal patent compds. A tricyclic compd. was selected from the retrieved compds. and then evolved by considering steric fitness to the overlay model and synthetic feasibility. Finally, various novel AII antagonists having dibenzo[a,d]cycloheptene or dibenzo[b,f]oxepin were designed and synthesized. The receptor binding activity (Ki) for several members of this series was in the 10-10 M range, demonstrating the ability of 3D search technique to explore new lead structures.

IT 169270-90-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of dibenzocycloheptene and dibenzoxepin derivs. as angiotensin II receptor antagonists)

RN 169270-90-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-(1-oxopentyl)-N-[[5-oxo-11-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-3-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

## IT 169270-83-1P 169270-84-2P 169270-85-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of dibenzocycloheptene and dibenzoxepin derivs. as angiotensin II receptor antagonists)

RN 169270-83-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[(11-cyano-5-oxo-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-3-yl)methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 169270-84-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[(11-cyano-5-oxo-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-3-yl)methyl]-N-(1-oxopentyl)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 169270-85-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-(1-oxopentyl)-N-[[5-oxo-11-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-3-yl]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L29 ANSWER 13 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:480301 HCAPLUS

DN 122:239345

TI Preparation of fluorenone derivatives as central or peripheral nerve degeneration repair and protective agents

IN Tanaka, Tatsuyoshi; Sakurai, Yohji; Fujisawa, Nobutaka; Hongoh, Osamu;
 Nishi, Takao

PA Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 159 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PAN.							•				
	PA	TENT NO.		KIND	DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
PI	WO	9500468 W: AU,					WO 1994-JP966	19940615			
						FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,	MC, NL,	PT,	SE	
	CA	2142735		AA	19950105		CA 1994-2142735	19940615			
							AU 1994-69819				
	ΑU	670696		B2	19960725		EP 1994-918525				
	EΡ	655992		A1	19950607	•	EP 1994-918525	19940615			
	ΕP	655992	•	B1	19981104						
							GB, GR, IE, IT, LI,		NL,	PT,	SE
							CN 1994-190385				
	ΕP						EP 1997-107083				
							GB, GR, IE, IT, LI,		NL,	PT,	SE
	AT	172956		E	19981115		AT 1994-918525	19940615			
							ES 1994-918525				
							JP 1994-134125	19940616			
		2807860			19981008						
		10114697						19940616			
							US 1995-381865	19950207			
PRAI	JP	1993-147	740		19930618						
					19940615						
	WO	1994-JP9	66		19940615						

JP 1994-134125

19940616

OS MARPAT 122:239345 GI

AB The title compds. [I; Ra = H, lower alkenyl, Ac; Rb, Rc = H, lower alkenyl, alkyl, halogen, alkylthio, alkenyloxy, (un)substituted aminoalkyl, etc.; Rd-Rg = H, alkenyl, alkyl, halogen, alkoxy, etc.] (II; Rla = Rb, Rc; R2a = Rd-Rg; q = 1-4; r = 1-3), useful as central or peripheral nerve degeneration repair and protective agents, are prepd. and I- and II-contg. formulations presented. Thus, III (m.p. 165.0-167.0.degree.) was prepd. and demonstrated extremely strong neurite sproutings in cerebral cortex-derived nerve cells at 1 x 10-7 M when compared to a control.

## IT 162138-38-7P 162138-41-2P 162138-48-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of fluorenone derivs. as central or peripheral nerve degeneration repair and protective agents)

RN 162138-38-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(4,7-dihydroxy-6,8-dimethyl-9-oxo-9H-fluoren-3-yl)methyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 162138-41-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(2,5-dihydroxy-9-oxo-1,6-dipropyl-9H-fluoren-3-yl)methyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & &$$

RN 162138-48-9 HCAPLUS

CN Leucine, N-[(2,5-dihydroxy-9-oxo-1,6-dipropyl-9H-fluoren-3-yl)methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$$

L29 ANSWER 14 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:331663 HCAPLUS

DN 123:256741

TI Tricyclic compounds as antagonists of angiotensin II receptors

IN Ohshima, Etsuo; Kanai, Fumihiko; Sato, Hideyuki; Obase, Hiroyuki; Kumazawa, Toshiaki; Takahara, Shiho; Ohno, Tetsuji; Ishikawa, Tomoko; Yamada, Koji

PA Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

SO U.S., 44 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 996,694, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

F'AI	N.CNT 2					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
ΡI	US 5378701	Α	19950103	US 1993-65916	19930525	
	US 5478840	A	19951226	US 1994-294978	19940824	
	US 5607955	A	19970304	US 1995-431425	19950501	
PRA	AI JP 1991-347294	Α	19911227			
	US 1992-996694	B2	19921224			
	US 1993-65916	<b>A</b> 3	19930525			
	US 1994-294978	A3	19940824			
os	MARPAT 123:256741					
GI						

- \* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*
- A tricyclic compd. is provided, represented by the following formula I AB wherein R1 represents hydrogen, halogen or lower alkyl; A represents cyano, carboxyl, tetrazolyl, cyano-substituted Ph, carboxyl-substituted Ph or tetrazolyl-substituted phenyl; V represents (CH2)m wherein m is an integer of 0 to 2; W represents II and Q1-Q2-Q3-Q4 represents N:CHCH:CH, CH:CHCH:CH or CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2, III-V and Q represents N or CH; X1-X2-X3 represents CH:CHCH:CH, SCH:CH or CH:CHS; Y represents CH2CH2; and Z1-Z2 represents N(CH2)n wherein n is an integer of 1 to 3 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Thus, e.g., detritylation of the trityltetrazolyl deriv. (prepn. given) with aq. HCl afforded (imidazopyridinylmethyl)(tetrazolylmethyl)dihydrodibenzazepine VI (64% yield). The inhibitory activity (inhibition rate, %) of VI (0.1 .mu.M) against the receptor binding of [1251]AII was 86%. Inhibition test against hypertensive response to AII: 45% for VI. Pharmaceutical formulations were given.
- IT 150802-67-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(tricyclic compds. as antagonists of angiotensin II receptors)

RN 150802-67-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[[10,11-dihydro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-ylmethyl)-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-2-yl]methyl]-N-(1-oxopentyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 150802-69-0P 150802-70-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (tricyclic compds. as antagonists of angiotensin II receptors)

RN 150802-69-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[[5-(cyanomethyl)-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-2-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 150802-70-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[[5-(cyanomethyl)-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-2-yl]methyl]-N-(1-oxopentyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- L29 ANSWER 15 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1994:650195 HCAPLUS
- DN 121:250195
- TI Characterization of Protein-Hapten Conjugates. 1. Matrix-Assisted Laser Desorption Ionization Mass Spectrometry of Immuno BSA-Hapten Conjugates and Comparison with Other Characterization Methods
- AU Adamczyk, Maciej; Buko, Alex; Chen, Yon-Yih; Fishpaugh, Jeffrey R.; Gebler, John C.; Johnson, Donald D.
- CS Division Organic Chemistry Research (D-9NM), Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, 60064, USA
- SO Bioconjugate Chem. (1994), 5(6), 631-5 CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Several different low mol. wt. haptens were conjugated to BSA to produce immunogens useful for antibody development. The extent of BSA modification due to covalent attachment of hapten was estd. by matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization mass spectrometry. The av. no. of hapten incorporated into immunogen was detd. from the difference in the measured mol. wts. of the conjugate from nonmodified BSA. The results from mass spectrometry were compared with results obtained from other more traditional methods of immunogen characterization (UV anal., trinitrobenzenesulfonic acid titrns., and gel electrophoresis). In each case the authors were able to calc. the av. no. of hapten covalently bound to BSA for each synthetically prepd. immunogen using matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization mass spectrometry. The other methods presented

limitations in certain cases.

IT 158446-88-9DP, albumin conjugates 158446-92-5DP, albumin conjugates

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (BSA-hapten conjugates characterization by matrix-assisted laser-desorption/ionization mass spectrometry)

158446-88-9 HCAPLUS RN

Glycine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-N-methyl-CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

158446-92-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 16 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:435305 HCAPLUS

DN 121:35305

ΤI Study on Zwitter-ionization of drugs. II. Synthesis and pharmacological activity of some N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-Nmethylamino- and N-[3-(6H-dibenz[b,e]oxepin-11-ylidene)propyl]-Nmethylamino-alkanoic acid derivatives and related compounds

ΑU Muramatsu, Hiromi; Sawanishi, Hiroyuki; Iwasaki, Nobuhiko; Kakiuchi, Masato; Ohashi, Tetsuo; Kato, Hideo; Ito, Yasuo

CS Lab. Dev. Med., Hokuriku Univ., Kanazawa, 920-11, Japan

Chem. Pharm. Bull. (1993), 41(11), 1987-93 SO

CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363

Journal DT

LΑ English

GI

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AΒ A series of N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-Nmethylamino- I (X = CH:CH, n = 1-5) and N-[3-(6H-dibenzo[b,e]oxepin-11ylidene)propyl]-N-methylamino-alkanoic acid derivs. I (X = CH2O, n = 1-5) and related compds. I (X = CH2CH2, CH2S, O, S, n = 2) were synthesized and examd. for pharmacol. activities in vitro, i.e., inhibitory effect on monomaine [noradrenaline (NA) and 5-hydroxytryptamine (5-HT)] uptake, inhibitory effect on 5-HT, histamine-, acetylcholine- and NA-induced concn., and binding affinity for .alpha.2-adrenoceptor and dopamine D2-receptor. In vitro tests indicated that zwitter-ionization was capable of maintaining H1-antihistaminic activity while greatly reducing other pharmacol. activities. Further, I showed much stronger inhibitory effects on compd. 48/80-induced lethality in rats than did the corresponding N, N-dimethylamines. 3-[N-[3-(6H-dibenzo[b,e]oxpein-11-ylidene)propyl]-Nmethylamino]-propionic acid, selected as a candidate antiallergic agent of a new type, equally potent in rats and guinea-pigs, exhibited strong inhibitory effects on 48 h homologous passive cutaneous anaphylaxis (PCA) in rats (ED50 = 0.019 mg/kg. p.o.) and on histamine-induced bronchoconstriction in anesthetized guinea-pigs (ED50 = 0.0067 mg/kg, p.o.).

IT 69436-99-3P 146623-41-8P 146623-42-9P 146623-43-0P 146623-44-1P 146623-45-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. and antiallergic activity of)

Т

RN 69436-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN

.beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-41-8 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-42-9 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-43-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-44-1 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-45-2 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 6-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 146623-29-2P 146623-30-5P 146623-31-6P 146623-32-7P 146623-33-8P 155588-55-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of alkenoic acid deriv.)

RN 146623-29-2 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-30-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-31-6 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-32-7 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 6-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 155588-55-9 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 17 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:6782 HCAPLUS

DN 120:6782

TI Immunogenic composition against tricyclic antidepressant drugs

IN Blincko, Stuart J. F. E.

PA Therapeutic Antibodies, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 16 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
ΡI	US 5256409	Α	19931026	US 1991-645799	19910125	
PR	AT GR 1990-1694		19900125			

AB An immunogenic compn. is disclosed for raising antisera to a tricyclic antidepressant drug. The immunogenic compn. comprises an immunol. active carrier protein to which is bound .gtoreq.2 types of hapten, each hapten comprising a drug mol., in which the drug mol. of one type of hapten is from the desimipramine/imipramine series of tricyclic antidepressants and the drug mol. of the 2nd type of hapten is from the nortriptyline/amitriptyline series of tricyclic antidepressants. The

haptens may also have an optional bridging group. Also disclosed are a method for raising antisera using the immunogenic compn. and a method for alleviating an overdose of a tricyclic antidepressant comprising an effective amt. of the antisera raised to the immunogen. Thus, desimipramine Et carbonyl acid and nortriptyline Et carboxylic acid were prepd. and both were conjugated to hemocyanin. Immunoassay results demonstrated that the immunogens of the invention may be used to raise antisera in higher titer and with broader cross-reactivity properties than conventional immunogens.

IT 69241-80-1 69436-99-3 151779-02-1 151779-03-2

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(Prepn. and reaction of, in immunogenic double conjugate prepn. for raising antisera to tricyclic antidepressants)

RN 69241-80-1 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 69436-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{tabular}{c|c} Me \\ \hline CH-CH_2-CH_2-N-CH_2-CH_2-CO_2H \\ \hline \end{tabular}$$

RN 151779-02-1 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 151779-03-2 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]methylamino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT **69241-80-1DP**, conjugates with nortriptyline ethylcarbonyl-hemocyanin conjugates **69436-99-3DP**, conjugates with desipramine ethylacarbonyl-hemocyanin conjugates

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, for immunogen for raising antisera to tricyclic antidepressants)

RN 69241-80-1 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 69436-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[3-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]methylamino]-1-oxopropoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 151779-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[3-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]-1-oxopropoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 151779-07-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[5-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]methylamino]-1-oxopentyl]oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 18 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1993:671182 HCAPLUS

DN 119:271182

TI Preparation of antihistaminic and antiallergic phenothiazines

IN Ito, Yasuo; Kato, Hideo; Yasuda, Shingo; Etsuchu, Eiichi; Saito, Keiko; Kurata, Sakae

PA Hokuriku Pharmaceutical, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

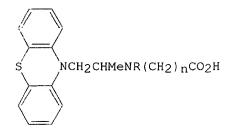
DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	· · · ·					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE .	
PΙ	JP 05163256.	A2	19930629	JP 1991-351237	19911213	
OS	МДРРДТ 119.27118	2				

GI



Ι

AB The title compds. I (R = lower alkyl; n = 1-5) and their salts, which show antihistaminic and antiallergic activities (no data), are prepd. A mixt. of 2.18 g 10-(2-methylaminopropyl)phenothiazine (prepn. given), 6.1 mL Et acrylate, and EtOH was refluxed for 90 min, mixed with NaOH, and refluxed for 2 h to give 2.74 g I (R = Me, n = 2).

IT 151340-16-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as antihistaminic and antiallergic agent)

RN 151340-16-8 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-methyl-N-[1-methyl-2-(10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)ethyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 19 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1993:649955 HCAPLUS

DN 119:249955

TI Tricyclic heterocyclic compounds as angiotensin II receptor antagonists

IN Ohshima, Etsuo; Kanai, Fumihiko; Sato, Hideyuki; Obase, Hiroyuki; Kumazawa, Toshiaki; Takahara, Shiho; Ohno, Tetsuji; Ishikawa, Tomoko; Yamada, Koji

PA Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 72 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
			10000000		10001004
ΡI	EP 549352	A2	19930630	EP 1992-311777	19921224
	EP 549352	A3	19930728		
	EP 549352	B1	20000301		
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE	, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LI	, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
	JP 06228065	. A2	19940816	JP 1992-344117	19921224

	JP 2526005	B2	19960821			
	AT 190058	E	20000315	ΑT	1992-311777	19921224
	ES 2142817	Т3	20000501	ES	1992-311777	19921224
PRAI	JP 1991-347294	A	19911227			
OS	MARPAT 119:249955					
GI						•

The title compds. I [A = CN, CO2H, tetrazolyl, (un)substituted Ph; R1 = H, halogen, C1-6 alkyl; V = (CH2)m; m = 0-2; W = (un)substituted imidazolo, (un)substituted acylamino, (un)substituted phenylamino or pyridylamino; X1-X2-X3 = CH:CHCH:CH, SCH:CH, CH:CHS; Y = CH2, single bond, O, S, CH2O, OCH2, CH2S, SCH2, CH2CH2, CH:CH; Z1-Z2 = C:CH, CHCH2, CHCH(CO2H), N(CH2)n; n = 1-3], useful in the treatment of hypertension, are prepd. and I-contg. pharmaceutical formulations presenced. Thus, 2-(5,7-dimethyl-2-cyclopropyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)methyl-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)methyl-5H-10,11-dihydrodibenz[b,f]azepine K salt (II) was, prepd. from 5,7-dimethyl-2-cyclopropyl-3H-phenimidazo[4,5-b]pyridine. II demonstrated inhibition rate [1-[(binding amt.) in the presence of a test compd.)-(nonspecific binding amt.)/(total binding amt.)-(nonspecific binding amt.)]] x 100] against angiotensin II receptors from bovine adrenal cortex of 97%.

## IT 150802-67-8P 150802-75-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and angiotensin II receptor antagonists activity of)

RN 150802-67-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[[10,11-dihydro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-ylmethyl)-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-2-yl]methyl]-N-(1-oxopentyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 150802-75-8 " HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[[10,11-dihydro-5-[2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)ethyl]-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-2-yl]methyl]-N-(1-oxopentyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

## IT 150802-69-0P 150802-70-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of angiotensin II receptor antagonists)

RN 150802-69-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[[5-(cyanomethyl)-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-2-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 150802-70-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Valine, N-[[5-(cyanomethyl)-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-2-yl]methyl]-N-(1-oxopentyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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L29 ANSWER 20 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 1993:192291 HCAPLUS

DN 118:192291

TI Preparation of dibenzopyran analogs as allergy inhibitors.

IN Sawanishi, Hiroyuki; Ito, Yasuo; Kato, Hideo; Koshinaka, Eiichi; Ogawa, Nobuo; Morikawa, Kouji

PA Hokuriku Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

~~~	PAT	TENT 1	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			APPLICATION NO. DATE
ΡI	WO	9217	440		A	1	1992	1015		WO 1992-JP365 19920326
		W:	ΑU,	CA,	KR,	US				
		RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE
	JΡ	0507	8292		Α	2	1993	0330		JP 1992-75587 19920227
	AU	9214	469		Α	1	1992	1102		AU 1992-14469 19920326
	EP	5890	38		Α	1	1994	0330		EP 1992-907619 19920326
		R:	AT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
	US	5432	192		Α		1995	0711		US 1993-122603 19931001
PRAI	JΡ	1991	-997	75			1991	0405		
	JР	1991	-144	107			1991	0521		
	JΡ	1992	-7558	37			1992	0227		
	WO	1992	-JP3	65			1992	0326		
OS GI	MAF	RPAT	118:	1922	91					

AB The title compds. [I; X = CH:CH, CH2O, O; R1 = alkyl; R2 = H, alkyl; n = 1-5 integer] are prepd. E.g., a mixt. of 5-[3-(methylamino)propylidene]-

Ι

5H-dibenzo[a,d]cycloheptene and Et acrylate in EtOH was refluxed for 2 H to give I [R1 = Me, R2 = Et, n = 2, X = CH:CH]. In an in vitro study using isolate rat ileum I [R1, n, X the same as above; R2 = H] (also prepd.) had an -log KB value of 8.16 against histamine.

IT 146623-29-2P 146623-30-5P 146623-31-6P 146623-32-7P 146623-33-8P 146623-41-8P 146623-42-9P 146623-43-0P 146623-44-1P 146623-45-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as allergy inhibitor)

RN 146623-29-2 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-30-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{tabular}{c|cccc} Me & O & & & \\ CH-CH_2-CH_2-N-CH_2-C-OEt & & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$$

RN 146623-31-6 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-32-7 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 6-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-41-8 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-42-9 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-43-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-44-1 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanoic acid, 5-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146623-45-2 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 6-[[3-(5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 21 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1990:441284 HCAPLUS

DN 113:41284

TI A synthesis of N-substituted .beta.-alanines: Michael addition of amines to trimethylsilyl acrylate

AU Kwiatkowski, Stefan; Jeganathan, Azhwarsamy; Tobin, Thomas; Watt, David S.

CS Maxwell H. Gluck Equine Res. Cent., Univ. Kentucky, Lexington, KY, 40506, USA

SO Synthesis (1989), (12), 946-9 CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 113:41284

AB Michael addn. of primary and secondary amines to H2C:CHCO2SiMe3 gave .beta.-(alkylamino)- and .beta.-(dialkylamino)propanoic acids in 37-99% yields. This method was used to functionalize a wide variety of biol. active amines.

IT 69241-80-1P 69436-99-3P 128013-78-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

RN 69241-80-1 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-N-

methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 69436-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 128013-78-5 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(2-acetyl-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 22 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1989:515735 HCAPLUS

DN 111:115735

TI Investigation of the reaction between amino acids or amino acid esters and 9-formylfluorene and its equivalents. Possible utility of the derived enamines as amino group protectants

AU Carpino, Louis A.; Chao, Hann Guang; Tien, Jien Heh

CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Massachusetts, Amherst, MA, 01003, USA

SO J. Org. Chem. (1989), 54(18), 4302-13 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 111:115735

GΙ

Treatment of 9-(hydroxymethylene)fluorene/9-formylfluorene (storable as AΒ the hemiacetal with methanol) with amino acids and amino acid esters yields the corresponding enamines, which may be considered to be hydrocarbon analogs of N-formyl amino acid derivs. Attempted coupling of the free acids I (R = amino acid side chain) with amino acid esters failed, suggesting insufficient redn. in basicity of the amino group due to the enamine residue. The introduction of electron-withdrawing substituents into the fluorene ring decreases the basicity sufficiently to allow normal peptide coupling reactions, as for example with analogs derived from 2,7-dichloro-9 hydroxymethylene 9H-fluorene. Thus, DC-FM-bar-Phe-OH was coupled with H-Leu-OMe by DCC to give dipeptide DC-FM-bar-Phe-Leu-OMe. The DC-FM-bar group could be removed by catalytic transfer hydrogenolysis. Mild acid hydrolysis represents a second general deblocking technique for the FM-bar function. It was demonstrated in a model study with the highly sensitive H2NCHPhCO2H that the FM-bar protecting group was less prone to cause racemization than the benzyloxycarbonyl function. Leucine-enkephalin was prepd. using .alpha.-DC-FM-bar protection along with tert-butyl-based side chain protecting groups.

IT 122236-84-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and peptide coupling of, with tripeptide tert-Bu ester)

RN 122236-84-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(2,7-dichloro-9H-fluoren-9-ylidene)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDÉX NAME)

IT 122236-82-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and sapon. of)

RN 122236-82-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylidenemethyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 122236-83-3P 122236-93-5P 122236-95-7P

122237-08-5P

RN 122236-83-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylidenemethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 122236-93-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(2,7-dichloro-9H-fluoren-9-ylidene)methyl]-, 4-nitrophenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 122236-95-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[2-[[(2,7-dichloro-9H-fluoren-9-ylidene)methyl]amino]-1-oxopropoxy]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 122237-08-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[(1-fluoro-9H-fluoren-9-ylidene)methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 122236-85-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn., esterification, and peptide coupling of)

RN 122236-85-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(2,7-dichloro-9H-fluoren-9-ylidene)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L29 ANSWER 23 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS AN 1989:50715 HCAPLUS

DN 110:50715

TI Structure-activity relationships of tricyclic antidepressants, with special reference to tianeptine

AU Labrid, C.; Moleyre, J.; Poignant, J. C.; Malen, C.; Mocaer, E.; Kamoun, A.

CS Inst. Rech. Int. Serv., Neuilly-sur-Seine, 92200, Fr.

SO Clin. Neuropharmacol. (1988), 11(Suppl. 2), S21-S31 CODEN: CLNEDB; ISSN: 0362-5664

DT Journal

LA English

GΙ

AB The authors studied the structure-activity relationships of tianeptine (I) and its derivs. exhibiting reserpine-induced ptosis reversal potency in the mouse. Tianeptine is an antidepressant characterized by a 3-chlorodibenzothiazepin nucleus and an aminoheptanoic side chain. The results indicate highly specific structural requirements for the tianeptine-like series. In order to be active, compds. must have an aminocarboxylic chain (with an optimal length of 6 methylene links), a tricyclic system with an electron-donor heteroatom in position 5, and an arom. substitution with a moderate electron-acceptor atom in position 3. These specificities in the tianeptine series are in sharp contrast with the lack of specific requirements that characterize the classical tricyclic series.

IT 118409-35-1

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antidepressant activity of, structure in relation to)

RN 118409-35-1 HCAPLUS

CN Heptanoic acid, 7-[[(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-yl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 24 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1988:492529 HCAPLUS

DN 109:92529

TI Hydrofluorene derivatives for the treatment of hypoxic conditions, their

pharmaceutical formulations, and a process for their preparation IN Oshiro, Yasuo; Tanaka, Tatsuyoshi; Sakurai, Yoji; Sato, Seiji

PA Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 142 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.	CNT 1					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PI	EP 267024	A2	19880511	EP 1987-309771	19871104	
	EP 267024	A3	19890315			
	EP 267024	В1	19910502			
	R: CH, DE,	ES, FR	GB, IT, LI	, NL, SE		
	JP 63253055	A2	19881020	JP 1987-277875	19871102	
	JP 2568416	B2	19970108			
	DK 8705753	A	19880505	DK 1987-5753	19871103	
	CN 87107628	Α	19880608	CN 1987-107628	19871104	
	CN 1022685	В	19931110			
	ES 2031911	Т3	19930101	ES 1987-309771	19871104	
	US 5017724	Α	19910521	US 1990-532341	19900604	
PRAI	JP 1986-263561		19861104			
	US 1987-116698		19871104			
os	MARPAT 109:9252	9				
GI						

AB Title derivs. I [R1 = :NR4 NR5R6, (un)substituted aminoalkyl; R2 = H, alkoxy, alkyl; R3 = H, alkyl, halo, alkenyl, phenylalkenyl, NO2, cycloalkylalkyl, phenylalkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, cyano alkanoyl, CO2H, OH, (alkyl)aminoalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkyl- or alkanoylamino; R4 = OH, alkyl; R5,R6 = H, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, Ph, phenylalkyl, pyridylcarbonyl, (un)substituted alkyl, alkanoyl, piperidinyl, aminoalkanoyl; NR5R6 = satd. 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl with optional oxo substituent; n = 0-3; dotted line = optional bond] are prepd. as agents for treating cerebral conditions related to hypoxia and/or lowered acetylcholinergic nervous system function. Methylation of 7-(1-methyl-2-propenyl)-8-hydroxy-5-methyl-9-methylamino-1,2,3,4,4a,9a-hexahydrofluorene using NaH/MeI in DMF gave, after acidification, (dimethylamino)methoxy(methylpropenyl)methylhexahydrofluorene

II ·

hydrochloride II. At 100 mg/kg orally in KCN-poisoned mice, II extended survival times by 27%.

IT 115807-30-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, for treatment of hypoxia and brain disorders)

RN 115807-30-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-(2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-8-methoxy-5,7-dimethyl-1H-fluoren-9-yl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 25 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1987:113537 HCAPLUS

DN 106:113537

TI Preparation of tricyclic antidepressant conjugates with proteins and their uses as immunogens for antibody production for immunoassay

IN Collins, Christine G.; Pirio, Marcel R.; Singh, Prithipal

PA Syntex (U.S.A.), Inc., USA

SO U.S., 10 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 518,905, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN. CNT 1

T. WIA .	CNII					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PI	US 4629691	Α	19861216	US 1983-522887	19830812	
	US 4772697	Α	19880920	US 1986-898559	19860821	
PRAI	US 1983-518905		19830901			
	US 1983-522887		19830812			

Tricyclic antidepressant derivs. are prepd. in which the methylaminopropyl side chain is functionalized for conjugation to antigenic compds., particularly poly(amino acids), and enzymes. The antigenic conjugate is used as an immunogen. The resultant antibodies are used with the enzyme conjugate in immunoassays for the detn. of tricyclic antidepressants in serum or other body fluids. Desmethylimipramine was alkylated with ethyl-4-bromobutyrate. The product was sapond., conjugated with bovine serum albumin, and used as an immunogen. N-carboglycylpropyldesmethylimip ramine conjugated with glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase and antibodies to the immunogen were used in a homogeneous enzyme immunoassay of amitriptyline, nortriptyline, imipramine, and desmethylimipramine.

IT 107220-00-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and conjugation to bovine serum albumin)

RN 107220-00-8 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 107220-01-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and sapon. of)

RN 107220-01-9 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]methylamino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 107220-00-8 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-[[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]methylamino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 26 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1986:471970 HCAPLUS

DN 105:71970

TI Preparation of two chlorpromazine antigens

AU Zhu, Jianhua; Bai, Shikang

CS Nucl. Med. Inst., Shanghai 1st Med. Coll., Shanghai, Peop. Rep. China

SO Hejishu (1985), (2), 50-2 CODEN: NUTEDL

DT Journal

LA Chinese

AB Two 7-(3-carboxypropionyl)chloropromazine-bovine serum albumin conjugates (with drug/albumin mol. ratios of 5 and 31) and 1 N-(2-carboxyethyl)demethylchloropromazine-bovine serum albumin conjugate (with mol. ratio 33) were prepd. The antiserum titer in rabbits immunized with the conjugates with mol. ratios 31 and 33 was 28,000 and 12,000, resp.; these 2 conjugates are useful chlorpromazine [50-53-3] antiserum-inducing agents for radioimmunoassay. The conjugate with mol. ratio 5 produced a very low titer of antiserum and had no practical use in radioimmunoassay.

IT 69436-77-7D, conjugates with bovine serum albumin

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(antiserum to, for chlorpromazine radioimmunoassay)

RN 69436-77-7 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(2-chloro-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 27 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1985:498221 HCAPLUS

DN 103:98221

TI A comparison of two radioimmunoassays for 7-hydroxychlorpromazine: rabbit polyclonal antibodies vs. mouse monoclonal antibodies

AU Yeung, P. K. F.; McKay, G.; Ramshaw, I. A.; Hubbard, J. W.; Midha, K. K.

CS Coll. Pharm., Univ. Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, SK, S7N OWO, Can.

SO J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. (1985), 233(3), 816-22 (CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565

DT Journal

LA English

Two radioimmunoassays (RIAs) were developed for 7-hydroxychlorpromazine (7-OHCPZ) [2095-62-7], a pharmacol. active chlorpromazine (CPZ) metabolite. One of the RIAs used polyclonal antibodies produced in rabbits immunized with a 7-OHCPZ-protein conjugate, which was prepd. by coupling 7-hydroxy-N-(2-carboxyethyl)desmethylchlorpromazine to bovine serum albumin by a mixed anhydride method (90% yield). The other RIA was based on mouse monoclonal antibodies produced by hybridomas against the same conjugate. The mouse monoclonal antibodies were considerably more specific than the rabbit polyclonal antibodies. There was little interference with the measurement of 7-OHCPZ by RIA based on mouse monoclonal antibodies even when the samples were spiked with 7-OHCPZ in the presence of five times excess of CPZ and two major metabolites, CPZ sulfoxide and CPZ-N-oxide. By contrast, there was a significant increase in the apparent concn. of 7-OHCPZ when the same samples were assayed by RIA based on polyclonal antibodies. The RIA based on mouse monoclonal

antibodies was applied, together with an RIA for CPZ to det. the concns. of 7-OHCPZ and CPZ in plasma samples from 2 healthy volunteers after they had received a single 50 mg oral dose of CPZ. Plasma 7-OHCPZ concns., measured up to 24 h after a single dose of CPZ, are reported.

IT 97777-76-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and conjugation with serum albumin)

RN 97777-76-9 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(2-chloro-7-hydroxy-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 97777-75-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and deprotection of)

RN 97777-75-8 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-[2-chloro-7-(1-methylethoxy)-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl]propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 9777-74-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and hydrolysis of)

RN 97777-74-7 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-[2-chloro-7-(1-methylethoxy)-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl]propyl]-N-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- IT 97777-76-9DP, serum conjugates
  - RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, for radioimmunoassay of hydroxychlorpromazine in blood)

- RN 97777-76-9 HCAPLUS
- CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(2-chloro-7-hydroxy-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L29 ANSWER 28 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1985:17004 HCAPLUS
- DN 102:17004
- TI Radioimmunoassay for trimeprazine in human plasma
- AU McKay, G.; Rauw, G. A. J.; Stonkus, M. D.; Dulos, R. A.; Gedir, R. G.; Hawes, E. M.; Midha, Kamal K.
- CS Coll. Pharm., Univ. Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, SK, S7N 0W0, Can.
- SO J. Pharmacol. Methods (1984), 12(3), 203-11 CODEN: JPMED9; ISSN: 0160-5402
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ Antisera to trimeprazine [84-96-8] were raised in rabbits to an immunogen synthesized by covalent linkage of bovine serum albumin to N-(2-carboxyethyl)dexmethyltrimeprazine. By use of an antiserum, a radioimmunoassay for trimeprazine was developed that is able to quantitate 0.38 ng/mL in a 200 .mu.L plasma sample with a coeff. of variation of approx. 12%. The antiserum did not cross-react with the supposedly pharmacol. inactive metabolite trimeprazine sulfoxide [10071-07-5]; however, the cross-reactivity with the supposedly active metabolite N-desmethyltrimeprazine [22732-04-3] is significant (49%). The radioimmunoassay was able to measure the drug and (or) N-desalkyl metabolites in plasma samples obtained as late as 24 h following administration of a single oral dose (10 mg) of trimeprazine tartrate [4330-99-8]. Anal. of the same plasma samples by HPLC procedure gave values much lower than those obtained by the radioimmunoassay, indicating that the N-desalkyl metabolites are produced after trimeprazine oral administration.
- IT 94015-99-3DP, albumin conjugates
  - RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of and antibodies to, for trimeprazine radioimmunoassay)

- RN 94015-99-3 HCAPLUS
- CN .beta.-Alanine, N-methyl-N-[2-methyl-3-(10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 29 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1984:156567 HCAPLUS

DN 100:156567

TI Synthesis of deuterium-labeled fluphenazine

AU Shetty, H. Umesha; Hawes, Edward M.; Midha, Kamal K.

CS Coll. Pharm., Univ. Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, SK, S7N 0W0, Can.

SO J. Pharm. Sci. (1984), 73(1), 87-90 CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549

DT Journal

LA English

AB The propylpiperazine side chain of fluphenazine has been labeled with 2, 4, and 6 D atoms by LiAlD4 redn. of the appropriate ester or imide. The .gamma.-C of the Pr group was labeled with 2 D atoms by redn. of 10-(2-methoxycarbonylethyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-10H-phenothiazine, while 4 D atoms were incorporated into the piperazine ring by redn. of 10-[3-(3,5-dioxo-1-piperazinyl)propyl]-2-trifluoromethyl-10H-phenothiazine. The latter redn. gave the d4 labeled N-de(hydroxyethyl) metabolite of fluphenazine.

IT 89507-44-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and hydrolysis of)

RN 89507-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)-N-[3-[2-(trifluoromethyl)-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl]propyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \circ \\ & \parallel \\ \text{MeO-C-CH}_2 & \circ \\ & & \parallel \\ & (\text{CH}_2)_3 - \text{N-CH}_2 - \text{C-OMe} \\ \\ & \downarrow \\$$

IT 89507-46-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of, with urea)

RN 89507-46-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-[3-[2-(trifluoromethyl)-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ΙT 89507-45-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn., hydrolysis, and reaction of, with urea) 89507-45-9 HCAPLUS

RN

Glycine, N-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)-N-[3-[2-(trifluoromethyl)-10H-CN phenothiazin-10-yl]propyl-1,1-d2]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & &$$

ANSWER 30 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L29

1983:612478 HCAPLUS AN

99:212478 DN

ΤI Synthesis of deuterium-labeled perphenazine

Hawes, E. M.; Gurnsey, T. S.; Shetty, H. U.; Midha, K. K. ΑU

CS Coll. Pharm., Univ. Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, S7N 0W0, Can.

J. Labelled Compd. Radiopharm. (1983), 20(6), 757-69 SO CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803

DTJournal

English LΑ

CASREACT 99:212478 OS

GΙ

- AB Perphenazines I [R = H, D, R1 = R2 = H, R3 = (CH2)2OH] were prepd. from ester II (R = CO2Me) by redn. with LiAlH4 or LiAlD4 followed by bromination and condensation with (2-hydroxyethyl)piperazine.

  Condensation of II (R = CH2Br, CD2Br) with HN(CH2CO2Me)2 followed by hydrolysis and cyclocondensation with urea gave imides I (R = H, D, R12 = R22 = O, R3 = H) (III). Redn. of III with LiAlD4 gave I (R = H, D, R1 = R2 = D, R3 = H); condensation of these compds. with Br(CH2)2OH gave I [R = H, D, R1 = R2 = D, R3 = (CH2)2OH].
- RN 87893-70-7 HCAPLUS
  CN Glycine, N-[3-(2-chloro-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{MeO-C-CH}_2 & \text{O} \\ \text{MeO-C-CH}_2 & \text{O} \\ \text{(CH}_2) & \text{3-N-CH}_2\text{--C-OMe} \\ \\ \text{Cl} & \text{N} \\ \text{S} \end{array}$$

RN 87893-71-8 HCAPLUS
CN Glycine, N-[3-(2-chloro-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl-1,1-d2]-N-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L29 ANSWER 31 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1983:587024 HCAPLUS
- DN 99:187024
- TI A study of the kinetics of chlorpromazine sulfoxide by a specific radioimmunoassay after a single oral dose of chlorpromazine in healthy volunteers
- AU Yeung, P. K. F.; Hubbard, J. W.; Cooper, J. K.; Midha, K. K.
- CS Coll. Pharm., Univ. Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, SK, S7N 0W0, Can.
- SO J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. (1983), 226(3), 833-8

CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565

Ι

DT Journal LA English

GΙ

Antibody specific for chlorpromazine sulfoxide (CPZSO) [969-99-3] was produced in rabbits immunized with a hapten-bovine serum albumin conjugate, which was prepd. by linking the 10-alkyl side chain of CPZSO to the protein mol. via a 2-carbon bridge. A simple radioimmunoassay was developed which can measure < 20 pg of CPZSO in plasma. The assay had adequate specificity so that isolation of CPZSO was unnecessary. It was used together with a previously developed chlorpromazine (CPZ)(I) [50-53-3] radioimmunoassay to det. the concns. of CPZ and CPZSO in plasma samples from 5 healthy volunteers after they had received a single 50-mg oral dose of CPZ. A significant portion of CPZ was metabolized to CPZSO during presystemic absorption. There are, however, differences to those previously reported in the plasma concn. ratios of CPZSO to CPZ. The possible reasons for these differences are discussed.

IT 69436-77-7

RN

RL: RCT (Reactant) (oxidn. of)

69436-77-7 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(2-chloro-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 87687-18-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction with serum albumins of)

RN 87687-18-1 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(2-chloro-5-oxido-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 32 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1981:479435 HCAPLUS

DN 95:79435

TI The mass spectral fragmentation of some carboxylic acid derivatives of psychotropic drugs

AU Hubbard, J. W.; Midha, K. K.; Cooper, J. K.; Charette, C.

CS Coll. Pharm., Univ. Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, SK, R3T 2N2, Can.

SO Can. J. Pharm. Sci. (1981), 15(4), 89-93 CODEN: CNJPAZ; ISSN: 0008-4190

DT Journal

LA English

AB The fragmentation pathways of some .beta.-amino-carboxylic acid and .beta.-carbamoyl-carboxylic acid derivs. of psychotropic drugs under electron impact, were examd. under a variety of mass spectral conditions. The effects of changes in probe temp., ionization potential and instrumental design and geometry were investigated. All of the compds. underwent rearrangement under electron impact, with loss of a neutral mol. of acrylic acid or carboxymethylketene, to form an appropriate secondary amine. The distribution of the total ion current depended on the precise mass spectral condition. Ambiguities in the fragmentation pathways were investigated by high resoln. mass spectrometry.

IT 69241-80-1 69436-77-7 69436-99-3

RL: PRP (Properties)
 (mass spectrum of)

RN 69241-80-1 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 69436-77-7 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(2-chloro-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 69436-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L29 ANSWER 33 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1979:114754 HCAPLUS

DN 90:114754

TI Radioimmunoassay for psychotropic drugs. I. Synthesis and properties of haptens for chlorpromazine

AU Hubbard, J. W.; Midha, K. K.; McGilveray, I. J.; Cooper, J. K.

CS Fac. Pharm., Univ. Manitoba, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Can.

SO J. Pharm. Sci. (1978), 67(11), 1563-71 CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549

Ι

DT Journal

LA English

GΙ

AB For the development of radioimmunoassay procedures for chlorpromazine (I) [50-53-3] and its active metabolites, three I haptens, 7-(3-carboxypropionyl)chlorpromazine [69319-56-8], N-(3-carboxypropionyl)desmethylchlorpromazine [69319-57-9], and N-(2-carboxyethyl)desmethylchlorpromazine [69436-77-7], were synthesized and characterized by gas chromatog.-mass spectrometry, proton magnetic resonance spectrometry, and IR spectrophotometry. Each hapten

was coupled to bovine serum albumin, and the no. of hapten residues per mol of bovine serum albumin was calcd. by UV spectrophotometric methods. Antibodies to each hapten-protein conjugate were obtained in rabbits, and titers of the antiserums were checked by evaluating their binding characteristics to 3H-labeled I.

IT 69436-77-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and albumin conjugation of, haptens for radioimmunoassay in relation to)

RN 69436-77-7 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(2-chloro-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 69319-59-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and hydrolysis of)

RN 69319-59-1 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(2-chloro-10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)propyl]-N-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ | & \text{||} \\ \text{(CH2)} & 3-\text{N-CH2-CH2-C-OMe} \\ \\ \text{Cl} & \text{N} \\ \\ \text{S} \end{array}$$

L29 ANSWER 34 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1979:97212 HCAPLUS

DN 90:97212

TI Radioimmunoassay for psychotropic drugs. II. Synthesis and properties of haptens for tricyclic antidepressants

AU Hubbard, J. W.; Midha, K. K.; Cooper, J. K.; Charette, C.

CS Fac. Pharm., Univ. Manitoba, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Can.

SO J. Pharm. Sci. (1978), 67(11), 1571-8 CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549

DT Journal

LA English

GΙ

Ι

AB For the development of radioimmunoassay procedures for tricyclic antidepressants, 2 drug haptens were synthesized for each of a amitriptyline (I) [50-48-6]-nortriptyline [72-69-5] and imipramine [50-49-7]-desipramine [50-47-5] groups. In 1 case, nortriptyline or desipramine was treated with succinic anhydride to yield N-(3-carboxypropionyl) derivs.; in the other case, the haptens were novel N-(2-carboxyethyl) derivs. The hapten and its corresponding ester were characterized by gas-liq. chromatog.-mass spectrometry, proton magnetic resonance spectrometry, and IR spectrophotometry. Each hapten was coupled to bovine serum albumin, and the no. of hapten residues per mol of bovine serum albumin was detd. by UV spectrophotometric methods. Antibodies to each hapten-protein conjugate were developed in rabbits, and titers of the antiserums were checked by evaluating their binding characteristics to tritiated drug.

IT 69241-80-1DP, serum albumin conjugate 69241-81-2P 69436-99-3DP, serum albumin conjugate 69437-00-9P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

RN 69241-80-1 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 69241-81-2 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-N-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 69436-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 69437-00-9 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel \\ \text{CH-} & \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{N-} & \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

IT 69241-80-1 69436-99-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(prepn. of an antiserum formation to)

RN 69241-80-1 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-5-yl)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 69436-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[3-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)propyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)